# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

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☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 001-35159

## THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 27-2228185

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

Large accelerated filer ⊠

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Accelerated filer □

100 Thermon Drive, San Marcos, Texas 78666

(Address of principal executive offices)

(512) 396-5801

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ⊠Yes □No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ⊠Yes □ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company □
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule	12b-2 of the Exchange Act). □Yes ☒ No
As of October 31, 2014, the registrant had 32,066,716 shares of common stock, par	value \$0.001 per share, outstanding.

### THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

## QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

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### PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollars in Thousands, except share and per share data)

	September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)		March 31, 2014
Assets		·	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,129	\$ 72,640
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,174 and \$751 as of September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, respectively		64,308	52,578
Inventories, net		41,316	37,316
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		3,583	2,880
Income taxes receivable		3,309	3,310
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		7,054	5,058
Deferred income taxes		2,245	2,325
Total current assets		203,944	176,107
Property, plant and equipment, net		32,141	31,532
Goodwill		111,724	114,112
Intangible assets, net		111,416	118,917
Debt issuance costs, net		1,583	1,528
Other long term assets		302	263
Total assets	\$	461,110	\$ 442,459
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	22,982	\$ 17,066
Accrued liabilities		12,426	9,869
Current portion of long term debt		13,500	13,500
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts		2,053	1,749
Income taxes payable		3,193	956
Obligations due to settle the CHS Transactions		567	567
Total current liabilities		54,721	43,707
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		101,250	108,000
Deferred income taxes		32,480	37,896
Other noncurrent liabilities		2,335	2,390
Total liabilities		190,786	191,993
Shareholders' equity			
Common stock: \$.001 par value; 150,000,000 authorized; 32,060,719 and 31,920,865 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, respectively		32	32
Preferred stock: \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		_	_
Additional paid in capital		211,728	208,451
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(14,581)	(7,880)
Retained earnings		73,145	49,863
Total shareholders' equity	-	270,324	250,466
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	461,110	\$ 442,459
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated			 2, 107

## Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) (Dollars in Thousands, except share and per share data)

	ee Months Ended tember 30, 2014			Months Ended tember 30, 2014	Six Months Ended September 30, 2013		
Sales	\$ 79,033	\$	72,783	\$ 146,700	\$	138,383	
Cost of sales	37,812		37,428	71,634		72,014	
Gross profit	41,221		35,355	75,066		66,369	
Operating expenses:							
Marketing, general and administrative							
and engineering	20,008		18,123	38,342		34,294	
Amortization of intangible assets	2,741		2,779	5,492		5,567	
Income from operations	18,472		14,453	31,232		26,508	
Other income/(expenses):							
Interest income	119		49	227		75	
Interest expense	(1,188)		(1,323)	(2,486)		(7,324)	
Loss on retirement of senior secured notes	_		_	_		(15,485)	
Other expense	(855)		(262)	(838)		(232)	
Income before provision for income taxes	16,548		12,917	28,135		3,542	
Income tax expense (benefit)	 4,800		2,345	4,853		(92)	
Net income	\$ 11,748	\$	10,572	\$ 23,282	\$	3,634	
Comprehensive income:							
Net income	\$ 11,748	\$	10,572	\$ 23,282	\$	3,634	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(11,468)		4,548	(6,852)		511	
Derivative valuation, net of tax	407		(197)	151		(197)	
Comprehensive income	\$ 687	\$	14,923	\$ 16,581	\$	3,948	
Net Income per common share:							
Basic	\$ 0.37	\$	0.34	\$ 0.73	\$	0.12	
Diluted	0.36		0.33	0.72		0.11	
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income per common share:							
Basic	32,033,333		31,486,481	31,988,679		31,520,603	
Diluted	32,439,602		32,105,711	32,401,595		32,132,588	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

## Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (Dollars in Thousands)

	Six Months Ended September 30, 2014		onths Ended nber 30, 2013
Operating activities			
Net income	\$	23,282	\$ 3,634
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		7,134	7,076
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs		237	4,331
Stock compensation expense		1,372	910
Deferred income taxes		(5,124)	(5,870)
Loss on retirement of senior secured notes		_	15,485
Other		514	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable		(13,013)	(2,184)
Inventories		(4,888)	(2,160)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		(386)	(75)
Other current and noncurrent assets		(1,633)	922
Accounts payable		5,485	2,305
Accrued liabilities and noncurrent liabilities		2,742	(6,636)
Income taxes payable and receivable		1,942	(686)
Net cash provided by operating activities		17,664	17,052
Investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(1,627)	(1,465)
Cash paid to settle the CHS Transactions		_	(95)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,627)	(1,560)
Financing activities			
Payments on senior secured notes		_	(118,145)
Proceeds from long term debt		_	135,000
Payments on long term debt		(6,750)	(6,750)
Issuance costs associated with revolving line of credit and long term debt		(290)	(1,728)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		456	1,315
Benefit from excess tax deduction from option exercises		1,449	_
Premiums paid on redemptions		_	(15,485)
Lease financing		(60)	_
Net cash used in financing activities		(5,195)	(5,793)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,353)	(178)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		9,489	9,521
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		72,640	43,847
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	82,129	\$ 53,368

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
(Dollars in Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policy Information

On April 30, 2010, a group of investors led by entities affiliated with CHS Capital LLC ("CHS") and two other private equity firms (together with CHS, our "former private equity sponsors") acquired a controlling interest in Thermon Holding Corp. and its subsidiaries from Thermon Holdings, LLC ("Predecessor") for approximately \$321,500 in a transaction that was financed by approximately \$129,252 of equity investments by our former private equity sponsors and certain members of our current and former management team (collectively, the "management investors") and \$210,000 of debt raised in an exempt Rule 144A senior secured note offering to qualified institutional investors (collectively, the "CHS Transactions"). The proceeds from the equity investments and debt financing were used both to finance the acquisition and pay related transaction costs. As a result of the CHS Transactions, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. became the ultimate parent of Thermon Holding Corp. Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. and its direct and indirect subsidiaries are referred to collectively as "we," "our," the "Company" or "Successor" herein.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended March 31, 2014. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring items) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, and the results of our operations for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

#### Use of Estimates

Generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. While our management has based their assumptions and estimates on the facts and circumstances existing at September 30, 2014, actual results could differ from those estimates and affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and the corresponding revenues and expenses as of the date of the financial statements. The operating results for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Recognition - In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Topic 606), which supersedes almost all existing revenue recognition requirements and guidance. Under the new guidance, revenue is recognized when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that is expected to be received for those goods or services. The new revenue standard may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted. The standard will be adopted on April 1, 2017. We have not selected a transition method and we are currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Stock Compensation - In June 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-12 (Topic 718), which clarified the treatment of share-based payments when a performance target could be achieved after the requisite service period. Under the new guidance, compensation cost should be recognized over the requisite service period when it becomes probable that the performance target will be achieved. The total compensation cost recognized should reflect the number of awards that are expected to vest and should be adjusted to reflect those awards that ultimately vest. These provisions are effective for annual periods and interim periods within those years beginning on or after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. When adopted, we do not believe this update will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value. We measure fair value based on authoritative accounting guidance, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands on required disclosures regarding fair value measurements.

Inputs are referred to as assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The uses of inputs in the valuation process are categorized into a three-level fair value hierarchy.

- Level 1 uses quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities we have the ability to
  access.
- Level 2 uses observable inputs other than quoted prices in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 uses one or more significant inputs that are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity, and that reflect the use of significant management judgment.

Financial assets and liabilities with carrying amounts approximating fair value include cash, trade accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The carrying amount of these financial assets and liabilities approximates fair value because of their short maturities. At September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, no assets or liabilities were valued using Level 3 criteria.

Information about our long-term debt that is not measured at fair value is as follows:

		Septembe	er 30,	2014	March	31, 2	014	
		Carrying Value		Fair Value	Carrying Value Fair Value			Valuation Technique
Financial Liabilities	_							
Long-term debt	\$	114,750	\$	114,750	\$ 121,500	\$	121,500	Level 2 - Market Approach

At September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, the fair value of our variable rate term loan approximates its carrying value as we pay interest based on the current market rate. As the quoted price is only available for similar financial assets, the Company concluded the pricing is indirectly observable through dealers and has been classified as Level 2.

#### Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

We transact business in various foreign currencies and have established a program that primarily utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to offset the risk associated with the effects of certain foreign currency exposures. Under this program, increases or decreases in our foreign currency exposures are offset by gains or losses on the forward contracts to mitigate foreign currency transaction gains or losses. These foreign currency exposures typically arise from intercompany transactions. Our forward contracts generally have terms of 30 days. We do not use forward contracts for trading purposes or designate these forward contracts as hedging instruments pursuant to ASC 815. We adjust the carrying amount of all contracts to their fair value at the end of each reporting period and unrealized gains and losses are included in our results of operations for that period. These gains and losses largely offset gains and losses resulting from settlement of payments received from our foreign operations which are settled in U.S. dollars. The fair value is determined by quoted prices from active foreign currency markets (Level 2 fair value). The condensed consolidated balance sheets reflect unrealized gains within accounts receivable, net and unrealized losses within accrued liabilities. Our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to currency fluctuations will depend on the currency exchange rates and other factors in effect as the contracts mature. As of September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, the notional amounts of forward contracts were as follows:

#### Notional amount of foreign currency forward contracts by currency

	<b>September 30, 2014</b>		March 31, 2014
Russian Ruble	1,789	\$	772
Euro	1,406		2,386
Canadian Dollar	2,224		_
South Korean Won	4,666		532
Indian Rupee	3,078		2,574
British Pound	610		201
Mexican Peso	1,392		1,077
Other	1,970	<u> </u>	636
Total notional amounts S	17,135	\$	8,178

The following table represents the fair value of our foreign currency forward contracts:

		September 3	0, 2014	March 31,	2014	
		Fair Val	lue	Fair Val	ue	
	-	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	74 \$	300	\$ 35 \$	93	

Foreign currency gains or losses related to our forward contracts in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income were losses of \$208 and \$372 in the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and losses of \$175 and \$206 for the six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Gains and losses from our forward contracts were offset by transaction gains or losses incurred with the settlement of transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Our net foreign currency losses were \$784 and \$253 in the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. For the six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, our net foreign currency losses were \$769 and \$236, respectively.

#### Interest Rate Swap

In June of 2013, the Company entered into an interest rate swap contract to reduce the exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with its variable rate term loan. Under the agreement we will pay a fixed amount and receive or make payments based on a variable rate. Effective July 1, 2013, the Company designated the interest rate swap contract as a cash flow hedge pursuant to ASC 815. The Company formally documents all relationships between the hedging instrument and hedged item, its risk management objective and strategy, as well as counter-party creditworthiness. At each reporting period our interest rate swap contract is adjusted to fair value based on dealer quotes, which consider forward yield curves and volatility levels (Level 2 fair value). Unrealized gains, representing derivative assets, are reported within accounts receivable, net and unrealized losses, representing derivative liabilities, are reported within accrued liabilities on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, the fair value of the interest rate swap contract was an unrealized gain position of \$275 and \$108, respectively. The change in fair value of the derivative instruments is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income to the extent the derivative instruments are deemed effective. Ineffectiveness is measured based on the changes in fair value of the interest rate swap contract and the change in fair value of the hypothetical derivative and is recognized in earnings in the period in which ineffectiveness is realized. Based on the criteria established by ASC 815, the interest rate swap contract is deemed to be highly effective. Any realized gains or losses resulting from the interest rate swap contract are recognized within interest expense. Gains and losses from our interest rate swap contract are offset by changes in the variable interest rate on our term loan. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, our interest rate on outstanding principal amounts was fixed at approximately 3.37%. We have hedged 100% of interest our payments on outstanding principal on our variable rate term loan through April 2016. For the period from May 1, 2016 through April 30, 2018, interest payments on approximately \$5,200 of average outstanding principal remain unhedged as of September 30, 2014, increasing to \$49,780 for the period from May 1, 2018 to April 19, 2019.

The following table summarizes the aggregate unrealized gain (loss) in accumulated other comprehensive loss, and the losses reclassified into earnings for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (amounts in thousands):

	Ended		Three Months Ended September 30, 2013		Six Months Ended eptember 30, 2014	Six Months Ended September 30, 2013		
Unrealized loss at beginning of the period	\$	(341)	\$	_	\$ (81)	\$	_	
Add: gain/(loss) from change in fair value of cash flow hedge		121		(509)	(434)		(509)	
Less: Loss reclassified to earnings from effective hedge		(279)		(205)	(563)		(205)	
Less: ineffective portion of hedge transferred to earnings		(11)		_	\$ (22)		_	
Unrealized gain (loss) at end of the period	\$	70	\$	(304)	\$ 70	\$	(304)	

#### Transfers out of accumulated other comprehensive loss

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers out of accumulated other comprehensive loss except for realized losses from our interest rate swap contract presented in the preceding table, which were recorded within interest expense in our statements of operations and comprehensive income.

#### 3. Earnings and Net Income per Common Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") and net loss per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares and common share equivalents outstanding (if dilutive) during each period. The number of common share equivalents, which includes options and both restricted and performance stock units, is computed using the treasury stock method. With regard to the performance stock units, we assumed that the target number of shares would be issued within the calculation of diluted net income per common share.

The reconciliations of the denominators used to calculate basic and diluted EPS for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, are as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2014		Three Months Ended September 30, 2013		Six Months Ended September 30, 2014				Months Ended tember 30, 2013
Basic net income per common share										
Net income	\$	11,748	\$	10,572	\$	23,282	\$	3,634		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		32,033,333		31,486,481		31,988,679		31,520,603		
Basic net income per common share	\$	0.37	\$	0.34	\$	0.73	\$	0.12		
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014		Three Months Ended September 30, 2013		Six Months Ended September 30, 2014			Months Ended otember 30, 2013		
Diluted net income per common share	Ф	11.740	Φ	10.572	Φ.	22.202	Ф	2 (24		
Net income	\$	11,748	\$	10,572	\$	23,282	\$	3,634		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		32,033,333		31,486,481		31,988,679		31,520,603		
Common share equivalents:										
Stock options		277,703		588,673		290,284		582,766		
Restricted and performance stock units		128,566		30,557		122,632		29,219		
Weighted average shares outstanding – dilutive (1)		32,439,602		32,105,711		32,401,595		32,132,588		
Diluted net income per common share	\$	0.36	\$	0.33	\$	0.72	\$	0.11		
		7								

(1) For the three months and six months ended September 30, 2014, 48,728 equity awards were not included in the calculation of diluted net income per common share since they would have had an anti-dilutive effect. For the three and six months ended September 30, 2013, 170,952 equity awards were not included in the calculation of diluted net income per common share since they would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

#### 4. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

	Sep	September 30, 2014		March 31, 2014
Raw materials	\$	14,114	\$	12,036
Work in process		3,611		2,200
Finished goods		24,499		23,973
		42,224		38,209
Valuation reserves		(908)		(893)
Inventories, net	\$	41,316	\$	37,316

#### 5. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The carrying amount of goodwill as of September 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Amount
Balance as of March 31, 2014	114,112
Foreign currency translation impact	(2,388)
Balance as of September 30, 2014	\$ 111,724

The excess purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis, and between annual tests if indicators of potential impairment exist. We perform a qualitative analysis to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. In addition to the qualitative analysis, we also perform a quantitative analysis using the income approach. Our annual impairment test will be performed during the fourth quarter of our fiscal year. At September 30, 2014, there were no indicators of a goodwill impairment. Goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes.

	A	Gross Carrying mount at tember 30, 2014	Accumulated Amortization	$\mathbf{A}$	t Carrying mount at tember 30, 2014	A	Gross Carrying Amount at March 31, 2014	 ccumulated mortization	A	et Carrying Amount at March 31, 2014
Trademarks	\$	46,078	\$ _	\$	46,078	\$	47,042	\$ _	\$	47,042
Developed technology		10,560	(2,384)		8,176		10,781	(2,167)		8,614
Customer relationships		98,063	(41,821)		56,242		99,578	(37,383)		62,195
Backlog		9,740	(9,740)		_		9,874	(9,874)		_
Certification		481	_		481		498	_		498
Other		1,629	(1,190)		439		1,630	(1,062)		568
Total	\$	166,551	\$ (55,135)	\$	111,416	\$	169,403	\$ (50,486)	\$	118,917

#### 6. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued current liabilities consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2014		March 31, 2014
Accrued employee compensation and related expenses	\$ 7,43	5 \$	5,043
Customer prepayment	47	7	1,235
Warranty reserve	35	C	645
Professional fees	1,63	1	1,250
Sales tax payable	1,48	3	707
Other	1,05	О	989
Total accrued current liabilities	\$ 12,42	5 \$	9,869

#### 7. Related-Party Transactions

Included in our condensed consolidated balance sheets is "Obligations due to settle the CHS Transactions," which totaled \$567 at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014. These amounts represent amounts due to the Predecessor owners in final settlement of the acquisition by our former private equity sponsors of a controlling interest in us that was completed on April 30, 2010. During the three months and six month periods ended September 30, 2014, we made no payments to the Predecessor owners and during the three and six month periods ended September 30, 2013, we paid \$95 to the Predecessor owners. At September 30, 2014, the remaining \$567 outstanding represents encumbered cash to be released as letters of credit expire.

#### 8. Short-Term Revolving Credit Facilities

The Company's subsidiary in the Netherlands has a revolving credit facility in the amount of Euro 4,000 (equivalent to \$5,074 at September 30, 2014). The facility is collateralized by receivables, inventory, equipment, furniture and real estate. No amounts were outstanding under this facility at September 30, 2014 or March 31, 2014.

The Company's subsidiary in India has a revolving credit facility in the amount of 80,000 Rupees (equivalent to \$1,314 at September 30, 2014). The facility is collateralized by receivables, inventory, real estate, a letter of credit and cash. No amounts were outstanding under this facility at September 30, 2014 or March 31, 2014.

The Company's subsidiary in Australia has a revolving credit facility in the amount of \$325 Australian Dollars (equivalent to \$284 at September 30, 2014). The facility is collateralized by real estate. No amounts were outstanding under this facility at September 30, 2014 or March 31, 2014.

The Company's subsidiary in Japan has a revolving credit facility in the amount of 45,000 Japanese Yen (equivalent to \$411 at September 30, 2014). No amounts were outstanding under this facility at September 30, 2014 or March 31, 2014.

Under the Company's senior secured revolving credit facility described below in Note 9, "Long-Term Debt," there were no outstanding borrowings at either September 30, 2014 or March 31, 2014, respectively.

#### 9. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	Se	ptember 30, 2014	М	arch 31, 2014
Variable Rate Term Loan, due April 2019		114,750		121,500
Less current portion		(13,500)		(13,500)
	\$	101,250	\$	108,000

#### Revolving Credit Facility and Senior Secured Debt

Credit facility. On June 11, 2014, we entered into the first amendment (the "Amendment") to our amended and restated credit agreement, executed April 19, 2013. The Amendment extended the maturity date of our variable rate secured term loan and \$60,000 senior secured revolving credit facility, which we refer to collectively as our "credit facility," through April 19, 2019. Under the Amendment the fixed portion of our borrowing rate, which is dictated by our leverage ratio, was reduced by 0.25% and our fee on undrawn amounts on our senior secured revolving credit facility was reduced by 0.05%. The interest payment reductions became effective July 1, 2014 and June 11, 2014, respectively. The Amendment also changed the maximum leverage ratio permitted for each fiscal quarter ending on and after March 31, 2015 from 2.25 to 1.0 to 2.75 to 1.0.

Under our credit facility, in no case shall availability exceed commitments thereunder. The credit facility will mature in April 2019. Any credit facility borrowings will bear interest, at our option, at a rate equal to either (i) a base rate determined by reference to the greatest of (a) JPMorgan Chase Bank's prime rate in New York City, (b) the federal funds effective rate in effect on such day plus ½ of 1% and (c) the adjusted LIBOR rate for a one month interest period on such day plus 1%, in each case plus an applicable margin dictated by our leverage ratio, or (ii) the LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin dictated by our leverage ratio. Borrowings denominated in Canadian Dollars under the Canadian sub-facility bear interest at our option, at a rate equal to either (i) a base rate determined by reference to the greater of (a) JPMorgan Chase Bank, Toronto branch's prime rate and (b) the sum of (x) the yearly interest rate to which the one-month Canadian deposit offered rate is equivalent plus (y) 1.0%, in each case plus an applicable margin dictated by our leverage ratio, or (ii) a Canadian deposit offered rate determined by the sum of (a) the annual rate of interest determined with reference to the arithmetic average of the discount rate quotations of all institutions listed in respect of the relevant period for Canadian dollar-denominated bankers' acceptances plus (b) 0.10% per annum, plus an applicable margin dictated by our leverage ratio. In addition to paying interest on outstanding borrowings under our credit facility, we are currently required to pay a 0.35% per annum commitment fee to the lenders in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder, which commitment fee could change based on our leverage ratio, and letter of credit fees equal to the LIBOR margin or the Canadian deposit offered rate, as applicable, on the undrawn amount of all outstanding letters of credit, in addition to a 0.125% annual fronting fee. At September 30, 2014, we had no outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility. Had there been any outstanding borrowings thereunder, the interest rate would have been 2.44%. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$59,137 of capacity available under our senior secured revolving credit facility after taking into account the borrowing base, outstanding loan advances and letters of credit. The variable rate secured term loan bears interest at the LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin dictated by our leverage ratio. As of September 30, 2014, our interest rate was 2.44%. The term loan includes monthly principal payments of \$1,125 through March 31, 2017, increasing to \$1,688 through the maturity date. The remaining \$40,500 is due in April 2019.

Senior secured notes and refinancing under a term loan. During the six months ended September 30, 2014, in connection with the Amendment, we incurred \$290 of fees, which we have deferred and will recognize as interest expense over the life of the term loan. On May 20, 2013, we utilized the proceeds from our variable rate secured term loan to redeem the remaining \$118,145 of aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 9.5% senior secured notes. In conjunction with the redemption, we paid a total of \$15,485 in call premiums and expensed the remaining \$4,010 of associated deferred debt issuance costs.

Interest rate swap. In June of 2013, the Company entered into an interest rate swap to reduce the exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with its variable rate secured term loan interest payments. Under the interest rate swap agreement, we will pay a fixed amount and receive payments based on a variable interest rate. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, our interest rate on outstanding principal amounts was fixed at approximately 3.37%. We have hedged 100% of interest our payments on outstanding principal through April 2016. For the period from May 1, 2016 through April 30, 2018,

interest payments based on the one-month LIBOR rate on approximately \$5,200 of average outstanding principal remains unhedged as of September 30, 2014, increasing to \$49,780 for the period from May 1, 2018 to April 19, 2019.

Guarantees; security. The obligations under our credit facility are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by each of our existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries, including Thermon Industries, Inc., the U.S. borrower under our credit facility. The obligations under our credit facility are secured by a first priority perfected security interest in substantially all of our assets, subject to certain exceptions, permitted liens and encumbrances reasonably acceptable to the administrative agent under our credit facility.

Restrictive covenants. The credit facility contains various restrictive covenants that include restrictions or limitations on our ability to: incur additional indebtedness or issue disqualified capital stock unless certain financial tests are satisfied; pay dividends, redeem subordinated debt or make other restricted payments; make certain investments or acquisitions; issue stock of subsidiaries; grant or permit certain liens on our assets; enter into certain transactions with affiliates; merge, consolidate or transfer substantially all of our assets; incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting certain of our subsidiaries; transfer or sell assets, including capital stock of our subsidiaries; and change the business we conduct. As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with all restrictive covenants of the credit facility.

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

At September 30, 2014, the Company had in place letter of credit guarantees and performance bonds securing performance obligations of the Company. These arrangements totaled approximately \$13,028. Of this amount, \$1,426 is secured by cash deposits at the Company's financial institutions. The remaining \$11,602 represents a reduction of the available amount of the Company's short term and long term revolving lines of credit and performance bonds that the Company has secured. Included in prepaid expenses and other current assets at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 was approximately \$1,426 and \$1,307, respectively, of cash deposits pledged as collateral on performance bonds and letters of credit. Our Indian subsidiary also has \$3,871 in customs bonds outstanding to secure the Company's customs and duties obligations in India.

The Company is involved in various legal and administrative proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of doing business. Some of these proceedings may result in fines, penalties or judgments being assessed against us, which may adversely affect our financial results. In addition, from time to time, the Company is involved in various disputes, which may or may not be settled prior to legal proceedings being instituted and which may result in losses in excess of accrued liabilities, if any, relating to such unresolved disputes. As of September 30, 2014, management believes that adequate reserves have been established for any probable losses. Expenses related to litigation reduce operating income. We do not believe that the outcome of any of these proceedings or disputes would have a significant adverse effect on our financial position, long-term results of operations, or cash flows. It is possible, however, that charges related to these matters could be significant to our results of operations or cash flows in any one accounting period.

The Company has no outstanding legal matters outside of matters arising in the ordinary course of business, except as described below. We can give no assurances we will prevail in any of these matters.

Notice of Tax Dispute with Canada Revenue Agency. On June 13, 2011, we received notice from the Canada Revenue Agency advising us that they disagree with the tax treatment we proposed with respect to certain asset transfers that were completed in August 2007 by our Predecessor owners. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, we were informed by the Canada Revenue Agency that they had concluded their review in the Company's favor and would not make an assessment under Canada's General Anti-Avoidance Rule.

Russia Tax Audit. Our income tax returns for the three years ended December 31, 2012 are subject to ongoing audits with the Russian tax authority. During the six months ended September 30, 2014, we concluded the audits with a settlement of approximately \$140 to the Russian tax authority.

### 11. Stock-Based Compensation Expense

Since the completion of the CHS Transactions on April 30, 2010, the board of directors has adopted and the shareholders have approved two stock option award plans. The 2010 Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan ("2010 Plan") was approved on July 28, 2010. The 2010 Plan authorized the issuance of 2,767,171 stock options or restricted shares (on a post-stock split basis). On April 8, 2011, the board of directors approved the Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan ("2011 LTIP"). The 2011 LTIP made available 2,893,341 shares of the Company's common stock that may be awarded to employees, directors or non-employee contractors as compensation in the form of stock options, restricted stock awards or restricted stock units.

At September 30, 2014, there were 478,708 options outstanding. For the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, stock compensation expense was \$816 and \$544, respectively, and \$1,372 and \$910 for the six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, 93,562 restricted stock units were granted to certain of our employees, 3,948 fully vested shares of common stock were issued to our directors, and a target amount of 46,530 performance stock units were granted to certain members of our senior management. The closing price on the date of the grants ranged from \$24.38 to \$25.89.

The restricted stock units that were issued to our employees had a total fair value of \$2,289 as determined by the closing price of our stock on the date of the grants. The awards will be expensed on a straight-line basis over the 3 year service period. At each anniversary of the restricted stock unit's grant date, a proportionate number of stock units will become vested for the employees and the shares will become issued and outstanding.

We have established a plan to issue our directors awards of fully vested common stock every three months for a total award over a twelve-month period of approximately \$385. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, the first installment of this award was completed with the issuance of 3,948 fully vested common shares which had a grant date fair value of \$96 as determined by the closing price on the date of issuance. The fair value of the awards will be expensed on each issuance date.

The performance stock units issued to certain members of our senior management had a total grant date fair value of \$1,142. The performance indicator for these stock awards is based on the market performance of our stock price, from the date of grant through March 31, 2017, relative to the market price performance of a pre-determined peer group of companies. Since the performance indicator is market based, we use a Monte-Carlo valuation model to calculate the probable outcome of the performance measure to arrive at the fair value. The requisite service period required to earn all or a portion of the performance stock units ranges from the date of grant through March 31, 2015, March 31, 2016 or March 31, 2017. We will expense the fair value of the performance stock units over the service period on a straight-line basis whether or not the market condition is met. At the end of the performance period, the performance stock units will be evaluated with the requisite number of shares being issued. The possible number of shares that could be issued ranges from zero to 93,060 in the aggregate. Shares that are not awarded at the measurement date will be forfeited.

#### 12. Income Taxes

For the six month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company recorded tax expense of \$4,853 on pre-tax income of \$28,135 and a tax benefit of \$92 on pre-tax income of \$3,542, respectively. During the six months ended September 30, 2014, the Company released a deferred tax liability of \$3,224 for taxes accrued on previously undistributed foreign earnings that are no longer expected to be repatriated. During the six months ended September 30, 2013, we released a liability for uncertain tax positions, upon the completion of an income tax audit by the United States Internal Revenue Service, in the amount of \$1,047. Our anticipated annual effective tax rate before discrete events is approximately 28.5% and has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax income for the six months ended September 30, 2014, and for the six months ended September 30, 2013, our tax provision reflected an annual effective tax rate before discrete events of 26.7%.

As of April 1, 2013, we adopted a permanent reinvestment position whereby we expect to reinvest our foreign earnings for most of our foreign subsidiaries and do not expect to repatriate future earnings. As a result of the adoption of a permanent reinvestment position, we no longer accrue a tax liability in anticipation of future dividends from most of our foreign subsidiaries. The estimated annual effective tax rate for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 reflects the estimated taxable earnings of our various foreign subsidiaries and the applicable local tax rates, after accounting for certain permanent differences, such as nondeductible compensation expenses.

As of September 30, 2014, we have established a long-term liability for uncertain tax positions in the amount of \$718. The Company recognizes related accrued interest and penalties as income tax expense and has accrued \$31 for the six months ended September 30, 2014.

As of September 30, 2014, the tax years 2006 through 2013 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject, except for the United States federal income tax returns, where the federal income tax returns for fiscal 2012 and 2013 remain open.

#### 13. Geographic Information

We have defined our operating segments based on geographic regions. These regions share similar economic characteristics, product mix, customers and distribution methods. Accordingly, we have elected to aggregate these geographic regions into a single reportable segment.

Within our one reportable segment, we present additional detail for those countries or regions that generate significant revenue and operating income. For purposes of this note, revenue is attributed to individual countries or regions on the basis of the physical location and jurisdiction of organization of the subsidiary that invoices the material and services.

Total sales and income from operations classified by major geographic area in which the Company operates are as follows:

	End	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014		Three Months Inded September 30, 2013	Six Months Ended September 30, 2014		Six Months Ender September 30, 201	
Sales by geographic area:								
United States	\$	26,749	\$	24,091	\$	48,740	\$	44,838
Canada		28,165		26,384		50,045		51,168
Europe		15,958		14,378		29,652		27,493
Asia		8,161		7,930		18,263		14,884
	\$	79,033	\$	72,783	\$	146,700	\$	138,383
Income from operations:								
United States	\$	5,336	\$	1,539	\$	8,908	\$	4,340
Canada		10,447		9,873		17,344		17,900
Europe		2,456		2,683		3,332		3,685
Asia		1,460		1,184		3,733		2,142
Unallocated:								
Stock compensation		(816)		(544)		(1,372)		(910)
Public company costs		(411)		(282)		(713)		(649)
	\$	18,472	\$	14,453	\$	31,232	\$	26,508

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### Introduction and Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is provided as a supplement to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 to help provide an understanding of our financial condition, changes in our financial condition and results of our operations. In this quarterly report, we refer to the three month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 as Interim 2015 and Interim 2014, respectively, and the six month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 as YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Item 1. above.

This quarterly report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws in addition to historical information. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding our industry, business strategy, plans, goals and expectations concerning our market position, future operations, margins, profitability, capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources and other financial and operating information. When used in this discussion, the words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "budget," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "will," "future" and similar terms and phrases are intended to identify forward-looking statements in this quarterly report.

Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations regarding future events, results or outcomes. These expectations may or may not be realized. Some of these expectations may be based upon assumptions, data or judgments that prove to be incorrect. In addition, our business and operations involve numerous risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which could result in our expectations not being realized or otherwise materially affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. These forward-looking statements include but are not limited to statements regarding: (i) our plans to strategically pursue emerging growth opportunities in diverse regions and across industry sectors; (ii) our plans to secure more new facility, or Greenfield, project bids; (iii) our ability to generate more facility maintenance, repair and operations or upgrades or expansions, or MRO/UE, revenue from our existing and future installed base; (iv) our ability to timely deliver backlog; (v) our ability to respond to new market developments and technological advances; (vi) our expectations regarding energy consumption and demand in the future and its impact on our future results of operations; (vii) our plans to develop strategic alliances with major customers and suppliers; (viii) our expectations that our revenues will continue to increase; (ix) our belief in the sufficiency of our cash flows to meet our needs for the next year and (x) our expectations regarding anticipated benefits from the previous and anticipated future expansions of our principal manufacturing facilities in San Marcos, Texas.

Actual events, results and outcomes may differ materially from our expectations due to a variety of factors. Although it is not possible to identify all of these factors, they include, among others, (i) general economic conditions and cyclicality in the markets we serve; (ii) future growth of energy and chemical processing capital investments; (iii) our ability to deliver existing orders within our backlog; (iv) our ability to bid and win new contracts; (v) competition from various other sources providing similar heat tracing products and services, or alternative technologies, to customers; (vi) changes in relevant currency exchange rates; (vii) potential liability related to our products as well as the delivery of products and services: (viii) our ability to comply with the complex and dynamic system of laws and regulations applicable to international operations; (ix) a material disruption at any of our manufacturing facilities; (x) our dependence on subcontractors and suppliers; (xi) our ability to obtain standby letters of credit, bank guarantees or performance bonds required to bid on or secure certain customer contracts; (xii) our ability to attract and retain qualified management and employees, particularly in our overseas markets; (xiii) our ability to continue to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy our liquidity needs; and (xiv) the extent to which federal, state, local, and foreign governmental regulations of energy, chemical processing and power generation products and services limits or prohibits the operation of our business. See also Item 1A, "Risk Factors" for information regarding the additional factors that have impacted or may impact our business and operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 filed with the SEC on May 30, 2014 and in any subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q that we may file with the SEC. Any one of these factors or a combination of these factors could materially affect our future results of operations and could influence whether any forward looking statements contained in this quarterly report ultimately prove true.

Our forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results and future performance may differ materially from those suggested in any forward-looking statements. We do not intend to update these statements unless we are required to do so under applicable securities laws.

#### Overview

We are one of the largest providers of highly engineered thermal solutions for process industries. For 60 years, we have served a diverse base of thousands of customers around the world in attractive and growing markets including energy, chemical processing and power generation. We are a global leader and one of the few thermal solutions providers with a global footprint and a full suite of products and services required to deliver comprehensive solutions to complex projects. We serve our customers locally through a global network of sales and service professionals and distributors in more than 30 countries and through our four manufacturing facilities on three continents. These global capabilities and longstanding relationships with some of the largest multinational energy, chemical processing, power and engineering, procurement and construction companies in the world have enabled us to diversify our revenue streams and opportunistically access high growth markets worldwide. During YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, approximately 67% and 68% of our revenues were generated outside of the United States, respectively.

Revenue. Our revenues are derived from providing customers with a full suite of innovative and reliable heat tracing solutions, including electric and steam heat tracing, tubing bundles, control systems, design optimization, engineering services and installation services. Our sales are primarily to industrial customers for petroleum and chemical plants, oil and gas production facilities and power generation facilities. Demand for industrial heat tracing solutions falls into two categories: (i) new facility construction, which we refer to as Greenfield projects, and (ii) recurring maintenance, repair and operations and facility upgrades or expansions, which we refer to as MRO/UE. Greenfield construction projects often require comprehensive heat tracing solutions. We believe that Greenfield revenue consists of sales revenues by a customer in excess of \$1 million for the preceding twelve month period (excluding sales to resellers), and typically includes most orders for projects related to facilities that are new or that are built independent of existing facilities. We refer to sales revenues by a customer of less than \$1 million for the preceding twelve month period, which we believe are typically derived from MRO/UE, as MRO/UE revenue. Based on our experience, we believe that \$1 million in annual sales is an appropriate threshold for distinguishing between Greenfield revenue and MRO/UE revenue. However, we often sell our products to intermediaries or subcontract our services; accordingly, we have limited visibility into how our products or services may ultimately be used and can provide no assurance that our categorization may accurately reflect the sources of such revenue. Furthermore, our customers do not typically enter into long-term forward maintenance contracts with us. In any given year, certain of our smaller Greenfield projects may generate less than \$1 million in annual sales, and certain of our larger plant expansions or upgrades may generate in excess of \$1 million in annual sales, though we believe that such exceptions are few in number and insignificant to our overall results of operations.

We believe that our pipeline of planned projects, in addition to our backlog of signed purchase orders, provides us with strong visibility into our future revenue, as historically we have experienced few order cancellations, and the cancellations that have occurred in the past have not been material compared to our total contract volume or total backlog. The small number of order cancellations is attributable in part to the fact that a large portion of our solutions are ordered and installed toward the end of Greenfield project construction. Our backlog at September 30, 2014 was \$105.7 million which reflects a recent upward trend due to increased Greenfield booking activity. The timing of recognition of revenue out of backlog is not always certain, as it is subject to a variety of factors that may cause delays, many of which are beyond our control (such as customers' delivery schedules and levels of capital and maintenance expenditures). When delays occur, the recognition of revenue associated with the delayed project is likewise deferred.

Cost of sales. Our cost of sales primarily includes the cost of raw material items used in the manufacture of our products, cost of ancillary products that are sourced from external suppliers and construction labor cost. Additional costs of sales include contract engineering cost directly associated with projects, direct labor cost, and other costs associated with our manufacturing/fabrication operations. The other costs associated with our manufacturing/fabrication operations are mainly indirect production costs, including depreciation, indirect labor costs, and the costs of manufacturing support functions such as logistics and quality assurance. Key raw material costs include polymers, copper, stainless steel, insulating material, and other miscellaneous parts related to products manufactured or assembled as part of our heat tracing solutions. Historically, the costs of our primary raw materials have been stable and readily available from multiple suppliers, and we generally have been successful with passing along raw material cost increases to our customers. Therefore, increases in the cost of key raw materials of our products have not generally affected our gross margins. We cannot provide any assurance, however, that we may be able to pass along such cost increases to our customers in the future, and if we are unable to do so, our results of operations may be adversely affected.

*Operating expenses.* Our marketing, general and administrative and engineering expenses are primarily comprised of compensation expense and related costs for sales, marketing, pre-sales engineering and administrative personnel, as well as other sales related expenses and other costs related to research and development, insurance, professional fees, the global integrated business information system, provisions for bad debts and warranty expense.

*Key drivers affecting our results of operations.* Our results of operations and financial condition are affected by numerous factors, including those described under the caption "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on May 30, 2014 and elsewhere in this quarterly report and those described below:

- Timing of Greenfield projects. Our results of operations in recent years have been impacted by the various construction phases of large Greenfield projects. On very large projects, we are typically designated as the heat tracing provider of choice by the project owner. We then engage with multiple contractors to address incorporating various heat tracing solutions throughout the overall project. Our largest Greenfield projects may generate revenue for several quarters. In the early stages of a Greenfield project, our revenues are typically realized from the provision of engineering services. In the middle stages, or the material requirements phase, we typically experience the greatest demand for our heat tracing cable, at which point our revenues tend to accelerate. Revenues tend to decrease gradually in the final stages of a project and are generally derived from installation services and demand for electrical panels and other miscellaneous electronic components used in the final installation of heat tracing cable, which we frequently outsource from third-party manufacturers. Therefore, we typically provide a mix of products and services during each phase of a Greenfield project, and our margins fluctuate accordingly.
- Cyclicality of end-users' markets. Demand for our products and services depends in large part upon the level of capital and maintenance expenditures of our customers and end users, in particular those in the energy, chemical processing and power generation industries, and firms that design and construct facilities for these industries. These customers' expenditures historically have been cyclical in nature and vulnerable to economic downturns. Greenfield projects, and in particular large Greenfield projects (i.e., new facility construction projects generating in excess of \$5 million in annual sales), have been a substantial source of revenue growth in recent years, and Greenfield revenues tend to be more cyclical than MRO/UE revenues. A sustained decrease in capital and maintenance spending or in new facility construction by our customers could have a material adverse effect on the demand for our products and services and our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- Impact of product mix. Typically, both Greenfield and MRO/UE customers require our products as well as our engineering and construction services. The level of service and construction needs will affect the profit margin for each type of revenue. We tend to experience lower margins from our design optimization, engineering, installation and maintenance services than we do from sales of our heating cable, tubing bundle and control system products. We also tend to experience lower margins from our outsourced products, such as electrical switch gears and transformers, than we do from our manufactured products. Accordingly, our results of operations are impacted by our mix of products and services.

We estimate that Greenfield and MRO/UE have each made the following contribution as a percentage of revenue in the periods listed:

	Three Mont Septemb		Six Months Ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Greenfield	38%	39%	39%	38%	
MRO/UE	62%	61%	61%	62%	

We believe that our analysis of Greenfield and MRO/UE is an important measurement to explain the trends in our business to investors. Greenfield revenue is an indicator of both our ability to successfully compete for new capital projects as well as the economic health of the industries we serve. Furthermore, Greenfield revenue provides a foundation for potential MRO/UE revenue in future years.

For MRO/UE orders, the sale of our manufactured products typically represents a higher proportion of the overall revenues associated with such orders than the provision of our services. Greenfield projects, on the other hand, require a higher level of our services than MRO/UE orders. Therefore, we typically realize higher margins from MRO/UE revenues than Greenfield revenues.

• Large and growing installed base. Customers typically use the incumbent heat tracing provider for MRO/UE projects to avoid complications and compatibility problems associated with switching providers. For Interim 2015 and 2014, MRO/UE sales comprised approximately 62% and 61% of our consolidated revenues, respectively. We attribute this recent MRO/UE growth to our established installed base of customers especially with regard to mid-sized upgrade and expansion projects.

• Seasonality of MRO/UE revenues. Revenues realized from MRO/UE orders tend to be less cyclical than Greenfield projects and more consistent quarter over quarter, although MRO/UE revenues are impacted by seasonal factors. MRO/UE revenues are typically highest during the second and third fiscal quarters, as most of our customers perform preventative maintenance prior to the winter season.

#### Results of Operations (Three-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013)

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of operations data for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and indicates the amount of change and percentage change between periods.

	 Three Months Ended September 30,				Increase/ (Decrease)		
	 (dollars in	thousa	nds)				
	 2014		2013		\$	%	
<b>Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:</b>							
Sales	\$ 79,033	\$	72,783	\$	6,250	9 %	
Cost of sales	37,812		37,428		384	1 %	
Gross profit	\$ 41,221	\$	35,355	\$	5,866	17 %	
Gross margin %	52.2%		48.6%				
Operating expenses:							
Marketing, general and administrative and							
engineering	\$ 19,192	\$	17,579	\$	1,613	9 %	
Stock compensation expense	816		544		272	50 %	
Amortization of intangible assets	2,741		2,779		(38)	(1)%	
Income from operations	\$ 18,472	\$	14,453	\$	4,019	28 %	
Interest expense, net:							
Interest income	119		49		70	143 %	
Interest expense	(1,069)		(1,188)		119	(10)%	
Amortization of debt costs	(119)		(135)		16	(12)%	
Interest expense, net	(1,069)		(1,274)		205	(16)%	
Other expense	(855)		(262)		(593)	226 %	
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 16,548	\$	12,917	\$	3,631	28 %	
Income tax expense	4,800		2,345		2,455	105 %	
Net income	\$ 11,748	\$	10,572	\$	1,176	11 %	

## Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 ("Interim 2015") Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 ("Interim 2014")

Revenues. Revenues for Interim 2015 were \$79.0 million compared to \$72.8 million in Interim 2014, an increase of \$6.2 million or 9%. Our MRO/UE revenue in Interim 2015 increased \$4.1 million or 9% over Interim 2014, and Greenfield revenue increased \$2.1 million or 8% over the same period. Our increased sales in MRO/UE reflects the continued activity of our customers in both petroleum and chemical markets as they engage in sizable upgrade and expansion of existing facilities in addition to our growing global installed base. Greenfield revenue has increased due to a larger volume of smaller Greenfield projects. During Interim 2015, MRO/UE revenue represented 62% of total revenue and Greenfield revenue contributed 38% of total revenue. Our Interim 2015 MRO/UE-Greenfield ratio was more consistent with our historical averages of 60% MRO/UE and 40% Greenfield, when compared to our trailing three quarters. We anticipate our MRO/UE-Greenfield ratio will trend towards our historical averages through the remainder of fiscal 2015.

In Interim 2015, revenues grew in all geographic regions as compared to Interim 2014. Within North America, revenues grew \$2.7 million in the United States and \$1.8 million in Canada. The increase in demand within the United States is largely attributable to investments in the petrochemical markets along the Gulf Coast, as well as demand driven by the proliferation of hydraulic fracturing methods to extract natural gas within North America. In Canada, revenue growth was driven by continued demand in the Oil Sands region, where we are experiencing a larger volume of smaller Greenfield projects, as well as increased sales to some of our primary distributors. Greenfield orders have increased due to our European and Asian regions experiencing an increase of revenues of \$1.6 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Within Europe, we have

experienced increased Greenfield activity primarily in regions with harsher climates. Asian revenues were comparable to Interim 2014 with revenue increases largely attributed to favorable foreign currency fluctuations.

Foreign currency losses negatively impacted revenues by \$1.2 million or 2% in Interim 2015 based on the difference in the weighted-average foreign exchange rates in effect during Interim 2015 and Interim 2014. The foreign currency impact on revenues was primarily attributable to the depreciation of the Canadian Dollar relative to the US Dollar, partially offset by the appreciation of several Asian currencies relative to the US Dollar.

*Gross profit and margin.* Gross profit totaled \$41.2 million in Interim 2015 compared to \$35.4 million in Interim 2014, an increase of \$5.8 million or 17%. The increase in gross profit is due to increased overall sales as well as improved gross margins which were 52.2% in Interim 2015 as compared to 48.6% in Interim 2014. The gross margin improvement is due largely to a favorable sales mix, especially related to sales of our manufactured heating cable which provides higher margins than ancillary heat tracing products which we may not produce directly.

Marketing, general and administrative and engineering. Marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs (including stock compensation expense) were \$20.0 million for Interim 2015, compared to \$18.1 million in Interim 2014, an increase of \$1.9 million or 10%. Marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs, excluding stock compensation expense, were 24.3% of total revenues in Interim 2015 as compared to 24.2% in Interim 2014. The increase is primarily due to an increase in salary and benefit costs of \$1.6 million. Our incentive expense increased \$0.2 million as we met or exceeded internal targets for the annual bonus plan due to improved financial results in Interim 2015 as compared to Interim 2014. Our stock compensation expense increased \$0.3 million in Interim 2015 due to the issuance of additional equity awards in Interim 2015, which represents incremental stock compensation expense.

**Amortization of intangible assets.** Amortization of intangible assets was \$2.7 million in Interim 2015 compared to \$2.8 million in Interim 2014, a decrease of \$0.1 million. Intangible asset amortization is subject to foreign currency translation adjustments. We expect these amounts to be representative of our quarterly expense for amortization of intangible assets for the foreseeable future.

Interest expense, net. Interest expense, net, was \$1.1 million in Interim 2015, compared to \$1.3 million in Interim 2014, a decrease of \$0.2 million. The decrease in interest expense is primarily attributable to the reduction of principal on the outstanding balance of our senior secured notes. Based on the terms on our interest rate swap, our interest rate was fixed at 3.37% during Interim 2015. Effective October 1, 2014, our interest rate decreased by 0.25% due to an improvement of our leverage ratio. Based on the terms of our interest rate swap, we anticipate our interest rate will remain fixed at 3.12% through April 2016. Our anticipated quarterly interest expense on outstanding principal is approximately \$0.9 million through the remainder of the fiscal year.

Other expense. We incurred \$0.9 million and \$0.3 million of other expense in Interim 2015 and Interim 2014, respectively, an increase of \$0.6 million. In both periods, other expense was primarily attributable to foreign currency transaction losses and losses on our foreign currency forward contracts. We incur foreign exchange gains and losses on the settlement of our intercompany transactions. We utilize foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate the risk of foreign exchange gains and losses on these transactions; however, we cannot provide assurance that these forward contracts will offset any gains or losses incurred on the settlement of intercompany transactions. See Item 3. "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks" for further discussion of the foreign currency forward contracts.

*Income taxes.* We reported an income tax expense of \$4.8 million in Interim 2015 from our pre-tax income of \$16.5 million, compared to an income tax expense of \$2.3 million in Interim 2014 on pre-tax income of \$12.9 million, an increase of \$2.5 million. Our effective tax rate after discrete events in Interim 2015 and Interim 2014 was 29.0% and 18.2%, respectively. In Interim 2014, we released an accrual for uncertain tax positions of \$1.0 million upon the completion of an income tax audit with the United States Internal Revenue Service. Excluding this discrete event, our effective tax rate would have been 26.3%. The effective tax rate before discrete events increased in Interim 2015 due to higher expected taxable income in the United States.

Our anticipated annual effective tax rate of approximately 28.5% has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax income in calculating the amount of income tax expense for Interim 2015. This anticipated annual tax rate is established by estimating anticipated tax rates in each of the countries where we earn taxable income as adjusted for known differences as well as our ability to apply any jurisdictional tax losses to prior or future periods. See Note 12, "Income Taxes," to our unaudited consolidated financial statements, included elsewhere in this quarterly report, for further detail on income taxes.

*Net income.* Our net income was \$11.7 million in Interim 2015 as compared to net income of \$10.6 million in Interim 2014, an increase of \$1.1 million or 11%. The increase in net income is mostly due to our increased gross profit of \$5.8 million as a result of increased sales and our improved gross margin percentage. This increase was partially offset by a \$1.6 million i

ncrease of marketing, general and administrative and engineering expense attributable to our increased personnel costs and an increase in income tax expense of \$2.5 million. Our income tax expense increased due to increased pre-tax net income, a \$1.0 million discrete event in Interim 2014, as well as an increased effective taxes rate before discrete events. Our loss on foreign currency transactions increased \$0.6 million and our stock compensation expense increased \$0.3 million due to increased equity awards issued during Interim 2015. Interest expense declined \$0.2 million due to scheduled principal reductions on our variable rate term loan.

#### Results of Operations (Six-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013)

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of operations data for the six months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and indicates the amount of change and percentage change between periods.

(dollars into-sund)           2014         2013         S         %           Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:           Sales         \$ 146,700         \$ 138,383         \$ 8,317         6 %           Cost of sales         71,634         72,014         (380)         (1)%           Gross profit         \$ 75,066         66,669         8,697         13 %           Gross margin %         51.2%         48.0%         8         48.0%         9         13 %         6         6         6,669         8,697         13 %         6         6         6,669         8,697         13 %         6         7         1,606         8,6369         8,697         13 %         6         8         6,697         13 %         6         8         6,697         13 %         6         8         6,697         13 %         6         8         6,997         13 %         6         8         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%         1,19%         9         1,19%         9         1,19%		Six Months Ended September 30,			Increase/ (Decrease)			
Z014         Z013         s         %           Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:         \$ 146,700         \$ 138,383         \$ 8,317         6 %           Cost of sales         71,634         72,014         (380)         (1)%           Gross profit         \$ 75,066         \$ 66,369         \$ 8,697         13 %           Gross margin %         51.2%         48.0%         8.697         13 %           Operating expenses:         Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%					•	 (=		
Sales         \$ 146,700         \$ 138,383         \$ 8,317         6 %           Cost of sales         71,634         72,014         (380)         (1)%           Gross profit         \$ 75,066         \$ 66,369         \$ 8,697         13 %           Gross margin %         51.2%         48.0%         86,697         13 %           Operating expenses:         Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)			`		,	 <u> </u>	%	
Cost of sales         71,634         72,014         (380)         (1)%           Gross profit         \$ 75,066         \$ 66,369         \$ 8,697         13 %           Gross margin %         51.2%         48.0%         8697         13 %           Operating expenses:         Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)	<b>Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:</b>						_	
Gross profit         \$ 75,066         \$ 66,369         \$ 8,697         13 %           Gross margin %         51.2%         48.0%         48.0%           Operating expenses:         Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         \$ 26,508         \$ 4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)	Sales	\$	146,700	\$	138,383	\$ 8,317	6 %	
Gross margin %         51.2%         48.0%           Operating expenses:         Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         \$ 26,508         \$ 4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734) <td <="" rowspan="2" td=""><td>Cost of sales</td><td></td><td>71,634</td><td></td><td>72,014</td><td>(380)</td><td>(1)%</td></td>	<td>Cost of sales</td> <td></td> <td>71,634</td> <td></td> <td>72,014</td> <td>(380)</td> <td>(1)%</td>	Cost of sales		71,634		72,014	(380)	(1)%
Operating expenses:           Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         \$ 4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         28,135         3,542         24,593         694 %		Gross profit	\$	75,066	\$	66,369	\$ 8,697	13 %
Marketing, general and administrative and engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	Gross margin %		51.2%		48.0%			
engineering         \$ 36,970         \$ 33,384         \$ 3,586         11 %           Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         \$ 4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	Operating expenses:							
Stock compensation expense         1,372         910         462         51 %           Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	Marketing, general and administrative and							
Amortization of intangible assets         5,492         5,567         (75)         (1)%           Income from operations         \$ 31,232         \$ 26,508         \$ 4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         — (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         — (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	engineering	\$	36,970	\$	33,384	\$ 3,586	11 %	
Income from operations         \$ 31,232         26,508         \$ 4,724         18 %           Interest expense, net (1):         Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	Stock compensation expense		1,372		910	462	51 %	
Interest expense, net (1):       Interest income       227       75       152       203 %         Interest expense       (2,249)       (2,982)       733       (25)%         Acceleration of unamortized debt cost       —       (4,010)       4,010       (100)%         Loss on retirement of debt       —       (15,485)       15,485       (100)%         Amortization of debt costs       (237)       (332)       95       (29)%         Interest expense, net       (2,259)       (22,734)       20,475       (90)%         Other expense       (838)       (232)       (606)       261 %         Income before provision for income taxes       \$ 28,135       \$ 3,542       \$ 24,593       694 %	Amortization of intangible assets		5,492		5,567	(75)	(1)%	
Interest income         227         75         152         203 %           Interest expense         (2,249)         (2,982)         733         (25)%           Acceleration of unamortized debt cost         —         (4,010)         4,010         (100)%           Loss on retirement of debt         —         (15,485)         15,485         (100)%           Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$         28,135         \$         3,542         \$         24,593         694 %	Income from operations	\$	31,232	\$	26,508	\$ 4,724	18 %	
Interest expense       (2,249)       (2,982)       733       (25)%         Acceleration of unamortized debt cost       —       (4,010)       4,010       (100)%         Loss on retirement of debt       —       (15,485)       15,485       (100)%         Amortization of debt costs       (237)       (332)       95       (29)%         Interest expense, net       (2,259)       (22,734)       20,475       (90)%         Other expense       (838)       (232)       (606)       261 %         Income before provision for income taxes       \$ 28,135       \$ 3,542       \$ 24,593       694 %	Interest expense, net (1):							
Acceleration of unamortized debt cost       —       (4,010)       4,010       (100)%         Loss on retirement of debt       —       (15,485)       15,485       (100)%         Amortization of debt costs       (237)       (332)       95       (29)%         Interest expense, net       (2,259)       (22,734)       20,475       (90)%         Other expense       (838)       (232)       (606)       261 %         Income before provision for income taxes       \$ 28,135       \$ 3,542       \$ 24,593       694 %	Interest income		227		75	152	203 %	
Loss on retirement of debt       —       (15,485)       15,485       (100)%         Amortization of debt costs       (237)       (332)       95       (29)%         Interest expense, net       (2,259)       (22,734)       20,475       (90)%         Other expense       (838)       (232)       (606)       261 %         Income before provision for income taxes       \$ 28,135       \$ 3,542       \$ 24,593       694 %	Interest expense		(2,249)		(2,982)	733	(25)%	
Amortization of debt costs         (237)         (332)         95         (29)%           Interest expense, net         (2,259)         (22,734)         20,475         (90)%           Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	Acceleration of unamortized debt cost		_		(4,010)	4,010	(100)%	
Interest expense, net       (2,259)       (22,734)       20,475       (90)%         Other expense       (838)       (232)       (606)       261 %         Income before provision for income taxes       \$ 28,135       \$ 3,542       \$ 24,593       694 %	Loss on retirement of debt		_		(15,485)	15,485	(100)%	
Other expense         (838)         (232)         (606)         261 %           Income before provision for income taxes         \$ 28,135         \$ 3,542         \$ 24,593         694 %	Amortization of debt costs		(237)		(332)	95	(29)%	
Income before provision for income taxes \$ 28,135 \$ 3,542 \$ 24,593 694 %	Interest expense, net	<u>-</u>	(2,259)		(22,734)	20,475	(90)%	
	Other expense		(838)		(232)	(606)	261 %	
Income tax expense (benefit) 4,853 (92) 4,945 (5,375)%	Income before provision for income taxes	\$	28,135	\$	3,542	\$ 24,593	694 %	
	-		4,853		(92)	4,945	(5,375)%	
Net income \$ 23,282 \$ 3,634 \$ 19,648 541 %		\$	23,282	\$	, ,	\$ 19,648	541 %	

<sup>(1)</sup> In YTD 2014, the outstanding aggregate principal of our 9.5% senior secured notes was fully redeemed resulting in a \$15.5 million loss on retirement of debt, in addition to a \$4.0 million acceleration of the amortization of deferred debt issuance costs. We have presented separately these charges in order to facilitate a more meaningful comparison of our deferred debt issuance cost amortization expense in prior and future periods.

#### Six Months Ended September, 2014 ("YTD 2015") Compared to the Six Months Ended September 30, 2014 ("YTD 2014")

**Revenues.** Revenues for YTD 2015 were \$146.7 million, compared to \$138.4 million for YTD 2014, an increase of \$8.3 million or 6%. Our MRO/UE revenue in YTD 2015 increased \$3.6 million or 4% over YTD 2014, and Greenfield revenue increased \$4.7 million or 9% over the same period. Our Greenfield revenue in YTD 2015 reflects the reduction of revenues from a large project in Canada that is in the final stages of completion. On a standalone basis, this project accounted for a \$13.8 million reduction of revenue between YTD 2014 and YTD 2015. Excluding the impact of this project, Greenfield revenue

increased \$18.5 million or 35% during the same period. Our increased sales in MRO/UE reflects the continued activity of our customers in both petroleum and chemical markets as they engage in sizable upgrade and expansion of existing facilities in addition to our growing global installed base. Greenfield revenue has increased due to a larger volume of smaller Greenfield projects particularly in North America. During YTD 2015, MRO/UE revenue represented 61% of total revenues and Greenfield revenues contributed 39% of total revenues. Our YTD 2015 MRO/UE-Greenfield ratio was comparable to YTD 2014, where MRO/UE revenue comprised 62% of total revenues and Greenfield revenues were 38% of total revenues.

During YTD 2015, revenues grew in all geographic regions as compared to YTD 2014, with the exception of Canada which had strong Greenfield activity in YTD 2014 related to the previously mentioned large Greenfield project. Within North America, revenues grew \$3.9 million in the United States and declined in Canada by \$1.1 million during YTD 2015. The increase in demand within the United States is largely attributable to investments in the petrochemical markets along the Gulf Coast, as well as demand driven by the proliferation of hydraulic fracturing methods to extract natural gas within North America. After excluding After excluding the \$13.8 million reduction of revenue in Canada related to one large Greenfield project that was substantially complete, revenue in Canada increased in YTD compared to YTD 2014 primarily due to increased demand in the Oil Sands region. We experienced revenue increases in Asia and Europe of \$3.4 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, in YTD 2015 as compared to YTD 2014. The increase in Asia was driven by an increase in demand for both MRO/UE and Greenfield opportunities. The year-over-year increase in Europe is due to increased Greenfield activity primarily in regions with harsher climates, as well as a \$0.7 million increase in revenues due to more favorable foreign exchange rates in YTD 2015 as compared to YTD 2014.

Foreign currency losses negatively impacted revenues by \$2.0 million in YTD 2015 based on the difference in the weighted-average foreign exchange rates in effect during YTD 2015 and YTD 2014. The foreign currency impact on revenues was primarily attributable to the depreciation of the Canadian Dollar relative to the U.S. Dollar, offset by the appreciation of the Euro and several Asian currencies against the U.S. Dollar over the comparable six month periods.

*Gross profit and margin.* Gross profit totaled \$75.1 million in YTD 2015, compared to \$66.4 million in YTD 2014, an increase of \$8.7 million or 13%, which is attributable to improved gross margins which increased to 51.2% in YTD 2015 from 48.0% in YTD 2014, as well as increased overall revenue in YTD 2015. The gross margin improvement is largely attributable to increased sales of our manufactured heating cable as a percentage of total revenues.

Marketing, general and administrative and engineering. Marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs (including stock compensation) were \$38.3 million for YTD 2015, compared to \$34.3 million in YTD 2014, an increase of \$4.0 million or 12%. As a percentage of total revenue, marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs, excluding stock compensation expense, were 25.2% and 24.1% in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively. The increase of expense is primarily attributable to increased salaries and benefit costs in YTD 2015 of \$2.2 million. Our incentive expense increased \$0.9 million as we met or exceeded internal targets for the annual bonus plan and generated better financial results in YTD 2015 as compared to YTD 2014. Stock compensation expense was \$0.5 million higher in YTD 2015 due to awards granted in YTD 2015, which represents incremental stock compensation expense.

*Amortization of intangible assets.* Amortization of intangible assets was \$5.5 million and \$5.6 million in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively. Intangible asset amortization is subject to foreign currency translation adjustments. We expect these amounts to be in line with our estimated expense for amortization of intangible assets for the foreseeable future.

Interest expense. Interest expense, net, was \$2.3 million in YTD 2015, compared to \$22.7 million in YTD 2014, a decrease of \$20.4 million. In YTD 2014, we redeemed all \$118.1 million of the outstanding aggregate principal amount of our 9.5% senior secured notes. In connection with the redemption, we incurred accelerated amortization of deferred debt issuance costs of \$4.0 million and a loss on retirement of debt of \$15.5 million, related to call premiums paid in connection with the redemption, both of which are included in interest expense, net. Interest expense on outstanding principal was \$2.2 million and \$3.0 million in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively. The decrease in interest expense on outstanding principal balances is the result of the difference in the interest rate on our redeemed 9.5% senior secured notes and that of our term loan, whose interest rate ranged from 3.37% to 3.62% during YTD 2015. Effective October 1, 2014, our interest rate decreased by 0.25% due to an improvement of our leverage ratio. Based on the terms of our interest rate swap, we anticipate our interest rate on outstanding principal payments to remain fixed at 3.12% through April 2016. We expect quarterly interest expense to be approximately \$0.9 million through the remainder of the fiscal year.

Other expense. Other expense was \$0.8 million in YTD 2015 compared to other expense of \$0.2 million in YTD 2014, an increase of \$0.6 million. In YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, other expense was primarily comprised of losses from our foreign exchange transactions and losses on our foreign currency forward contracts. We incur foreign exchange gains and losses on the settlement of our intercompany transactions. We utilize foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate the risk of foreign exchange gains and losses on these transactions; however, we cannot provide assurance that these forward contracts

will offset any gains or losses incurred on the settlement of intercompany transactions. See Item 3. "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks" for further discussion of the foreign currency forward contracts.

Income taxes. We reported income tax expense of \$4.9 million in YTD 2015 on our pre-tax income of \$28.1 million compared to an income tax benefit of \$0.1 million on our pre-tax net income of \$3.5 million, an increase of \$5.0 million. Our effective tax rates after discrete events were 17.2% and (2.6)% in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively. During YTD 2015, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$3.2 million related to the release of a deferred tax liability for undistributed foreign earnings that we no longer expect to repatriate. During YTD 2014, we concluded an income tax audit in the United States and, as a result, released certain liabilities for uncertain tax positions in the amount of \$1.0 million. Excluding these discrete tax benefits, our effective tax rates in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014 would have been 28.7% and 27.0%, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense from YTD 2014 is also attributable to our reduced pre-tax net income in YTD 2014. The effective tax rate before discrete events in YTD 2015 increased due to higher expected taxable income in the United States. Our anticipated annual effective tax rate of approximately 28.5% has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax income in calculating the amount of income tax expense for YTD 2015. This anticipated annual tax rate is established by estimating anticipated tax rates in each of the countries where we earn taxable income as adjusted for known differences as well as our ability to apply any jurisdictional tax losses to prior or future periods. See Note 12, "Income Taxes", to our unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report, for further detail on income taxes.

Net income. Net income was \$23.3 million in YTD 2015 as compared to \$3.6 million in YTD 2014, an increase of \$19.7 million. In YTD 2014, interest expense, net increased \$20.5 million, which was primarily attributable to the accelerated amortization of debt issuance costs and the loss on retirement of debt related to the redemption of our senior secured notes we recognized in YTD 2014, which reduced net income in YTD 2014 by \$19.5 million. Also contributing to the increase in YTD 2015 net income was an \$8.7 million increase in gross profit, offset by increases in marketing, general and administrative and engineering expenses including stock compensation expense of \$4.0 million, due to increased personnel costs and incremental stock compensation expense and income tax expense of \$4.9 million, due to increased pre-tax net income.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Contingencies**

Contractual Obligations. The following table summarizes our significant contractual payment obligations as of September 30, 2014 and the effect such obligations are expected to have on our liquidity position assuming all obligations reach maturity.

		Payment due by period					
			(dollars in	thousands)	_		
	TOTAL	Less than 1 Year	1 - 3 Years	3 - 5 Years	More than 5 Years		
Variable rate term loan(1)	\$ 114,750	\$ 13,500	\$ 30,375	\$ 70,875	\$ —		
Interest payments on variable rate term loan(2)	10,970	3,399	5,427	2,144	_		
Operating lease obligations(3)	8,209	2,611	3,194	1,133	1,271		
Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions(4)	567	567	_	_	_		
Information technology services agreements(5)	1,931	1,187	698	46	_		
Total	\$ 136,427	\$ 21,264	\$ 39,694	\$ 74,198	\$ 1,271		

- (1) Consists of monthly principal payments of \$1,125 through March 31, 2017; increasing in April 2017 to \$1,688 through maturity with a lump-sum payment of \$40,500 due in April 2019.
- (2) Consists of estimated future interest payments at an interest rate of 3.12%, based on our interest rate swap agreement through April 30, 2016 and a blended rate through maturity based on the amount of interest payments on outstanding principal that are fixed through our interest rate swap and our interest rate on LIBOR-based borrowings of 2.19% as of September 30, 2014 has been applied to any unhedged future interest payments.
- (3) We enter into operating leases in the normal course of business. Our operating leases include the leases on certain of our manufacturing and warehouse facilities, in addition to certain offices of our affiliates.
- (4) Consists of estimated amounts owed to sellers in the CHS Transactions for restricted cash in satisfaction of the post-closing adjustment for remaining encumbered cash to be released as letters of credit expire.

(5) Represents the future annual service fees associated with certain information technology service agreements with several vendors.

Contingencies. The Company is involved in various legal and administrative proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of doing business. Some of these proceedings may result in fines, penalties or judgments being assessed against us, which may adversely affect our financial results. In addition, from time to time, the Company is involved in various disputes, which may or may not be settled prior to legal proceedings being instituted and which may result in losses in excess of accrued liabilities, if any, relating to such unresolved disputes. As of September 30, 2014, management believes that adequate reserves have been established for any probable losses. Expenses related to litigation reduce operating income. We do not believe that the outcome of any of these proceedings or disputes would have a significant adverse effect on our financial position, long-term results of operations, or cash flows. It is possible, however, that charges related to these matters could be significant to our results of operations or cash flows in any one accounting period.

The Company has no outstanding legal matters outside of matters arising in the ordinary course of business, except as described below. We can give no assurances we will prevail in any of these matters.

Notice of Tax Dispute with the Canada Revenue Agency. On June 13, 2011, we received notice from the Canada Revenue Agency advising us that they disagree with the tax treatment we proposed with respect to certain asset transfers that were completed in August 2007 by our Predecessor owners. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, we were informed by the Canada Revenue Agency that they had concluded their review in the Company's favor and would not make an assessment under Canada's General Anti-Avoidance Rule.

Russia Tax Audit. Our income tax returns for the three years ended December 31, 2012 are subject to ongoing audits with the Russian tax authority. During the six months ended September 30, 2014, we concluded the audits with a settlement payment of approximately \$0.1 million to the Russian tax authority.

To bid on or secure certain contracts, we are required at times to provide a performance guaranty to our customers in the form of a surety bond, standby letter of credit or foreign bank guaranty. At September 30, 2014, we had in place standby letters of credit, bank guarantees and performance bonds totaling \$13.0 million to support our various customer contracts. Our Indian subsidiary also has \$3.9 million in customs bonds outstanding to secure the Company's customs duties obligations in India.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations and funds available under our revolving credit facility and other revolving lines of credit. Our primary liquidity needs are to finance our working capital, capital expenditures and debt service needs.

Cash and cash equivalents. At September 30, 2014, we had \$82.1 million in cash and cash equivalents. We maintain cash and cash equivalents at various financial institutions located in many countries throughout the world. Approximately \$27.1 million, or 33% of these amounts were held in domestic accounts with various institutions and approximately \$55.0 million, or 67%, of these amounts were held in accounts outside of the United States with various financial institutions.

Credit facility and senior secured notes. See Note 9, "Long-Term Debt—Revolving Credit Facility and Senior Secured Debt" to our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) of this quarterly report for information on our revolving credit facility and senior secured debt, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 2. At September 30, 2014, we had no borrowings under our revolving credit facility and \$59.1 million of available capacity thereunder, after taking into account the borrowing base, outstanding loan advances and letters of credit. From time to time, we may choose to utilize our revolving credit facility to fund operations or investments despite having cash available within our consolidated group in light of the cost, timing and other business considerations.

As of September 30, 2014, we had \$114.8 million outstanding on our variable rate term loan. The first amendment of the amended and restated credit agreement requires monthly principal payments of \$1.1 million through March 31, 2017. Thereafter, monthly principal payments increase to \$1.7 million through the remaining term of the loan with a lump-sum payment of \$40.5 million due at maturity in April 2019.

**Repatriation considerations.** A substantial portion of our cash flows are generated by our non-U.S. subsidiaries. In general, when an entity in a foreign jurisdiction repatriates cash to the United States, the amount of such cash is treated as a dividend taxable at current U.S. tax rates. Accordingly, upon the distribution of cash to us from our non-U.S. subsidiaries, we

will be subject to U.S. income taxes. Although foreign tax credits may be available to reduce the amount of the additional tax liability, these credits may be limited based on our tax attributes.

We believe that domestic U.S. cash flow will be able to service our future debt obligations. We adopted a permanent reinvestment position whereby we expect to reinvest our foreign earnings for most of our foreign subsidiaries and do not expect to repatriate future earnings generated by most of our foreign operations. As a result of this change in tax position, we will no longer accrue deferred tax liabilities in anticipation of future dividends from those foreign subsidiaries. If we were to repatriate foreign earnings, we would incur additional income tax expense. During YTD 2015, we released \$3.2 million of deferred tax liabilities for previously undistributed foreign earnings that we no longer expect to repatriate.

Future capital requirements. Based on our current level of operations, we believe that cash flow from operations and available cash, together with available borrowings under our revolving credit facility, will be adequate to meet our liquidity needs for the next twelve months. We cannot assure you, however, that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowing will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to service our indebtedness, including our credit facility borrowings, or to fund our other liquidity needs. In addition, upon the occurrence of certain events, such as a change of control, we could be required to repay or refinance our indebtedness. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness, including the variable rate term loan or our credit facility, on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$17.7 million for YTD 2015, compared to \$17.1 million provided in YTD 2014. Net income was \$23.3 million in YTD 2015, whereas YTD 2014 had net income of \$3.6 million, an increase of \$19.7 million. The lower net income in YTD 2014 was substantially the result of \$15.5 million of call premiums paid for the redemption of our senior secured notes. This use of cash incurred with the redemption of our senior secured notes is added back to operating activities and reduced from financing activities to more accurately reflect cash provided by operations in YTD 2014. Excluding the \$15.5 million premium on the redemption of our senior secured notes, our net income in YTD 2015 would have represented an increase of \$4.2 million.

Non-cash reconciling items such as depreciation and amortization, amortization of debt costs, stock compensation expense, changes in deferred taxes, and other non-cash items amounted to \$3.6 million and \$6.4 million in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively, a decrease of \$2.8 million. The decrease in the source of cash in YTD 2015 is primarily a result of \$4.0 million in accelerated amortization of deferred debt issuance costs as a result of the redemption of our senior secured notes in YTD 2014, which was reported as a source of cash. This was partially offset by incremental stock compensation expense of \$0.5 million and a \$0.7 million improvement in the change in our deferred tax positions.

In YTD 2015, our assets including accounts receivable and inventory increased \$17.9 million representing a use of cash. In YTD 2014, accounts receivable and inventory increased \$4.3 million. The comparative increase in assets of \$13.6 million between YTD 2015 and YTD 2014 reflects higher amounts of accounts receivable due mostly to increased revenue of \$8.3 million as well as timing of the billings to our customers which was weighted toward the end of September 2014 and thus not scheduled for collection. Additionally, there was a comparative increase of \$2.7 million in cash used to purchase increased inventory levels in order to be able to provide reduced sales lead times for our customers. Cost and estimated earnings in excess of billings and other current and non-current assets represented a use of cash of \$2.0 million in YTD 2015 compared to a source of cash of \$0.8 million in YTD 2014. The \$2.8 million increase in the use of cash in YTD 2015 is due mostly to the timing of annual payments of our insurance premiums.

During YTD 2015, our combined balances of accrued liabilities and payables increased, representing a source of cash of \$8.2 million and in YTD 2014 accrued liabilities and payables decreased, representing a use of cash \$4.3 million, thereby resulting in an increase of cash provided by operating activities of \$12.5 million in YTD 2015 compared to YTD 2014. The cash provided in YTD 2015 mostly relates to \$5.5 million in accounts payable associated with our increased inventory and \$2.1 million related to an increase in accrued employee incentive costs, as we met or exceeded internal financial targets for the annual bonus plan. The use of cash in YTD 2014 was primarily to settle \$4.7 million of accrued interest payable on our senior secured notes in April 2013.

*Net cash used in investing activities* totaled \$1.6 million for both YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively. In each period the use of cash is almost entirely attributable to purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$5.2 million used in YTD 2015 and \$5.8 million used in YTD 2014 reflecting a decrease in the use of cash of \$0.6 million. In both periods, the use of cash is primarily attributable to payments made on our variable rate term loan, which was \$6.8 million in both periods. In YTD 2014, we paid \$15.5 million in prepayment call premiums in connection with the redemption of \$118.1 million of aggregate principal of our senior secured notes. The senior secured note redemption was financed by \$135.0 million of credit facility borrowings, from which we incurred \$1.7 million of deferred debt issuance costs. During YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, we received \$0.5 million and \$1.3

million from stock option exercises, respectively. In YTD 2015, we received a benefit of \$1.4 million related to excess tax deductions from stock option exercises. As we did not have pre-tax income within the United States during YTD 2014, we did not receive a tax benefit in that period.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of September 30, 2014, we do not have any off balance sheet arrangements. In addition, we do not have any interest in entities referred to as variable interest entities, which includes special purposes entities and other structured finance entities.

#### Effect of Inflation

While inflationary increases in certain input costs, such as wages, have an impact on our operating results, inflation has had minimal net impact on our operating results during the last three years, as overall inflation has been offset by increased selling prices and cost reduction actions. We cannot assure you, however, that we will not be affected by general inflation in the future.

#### **Critical Accounting Polices**

See Part I, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 for a discussion of the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 1, "Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policy Information" to our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) of this quarterly report for information on recent accounting pronouncements, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 2.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our primary market risk exposures are the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices.

Foreign currency risk relating to operations. We transact business globally and are subject to risks associated with fluctuating foreign exchange rates. Approximately 67% of our YTD 2015 consolidated revenue was generated by sales from our non-U.S. subsidiaries. Our non-U.S. subsidiaries generally sell their products and services in the local currency, but obtain a significant amount of their products from our facilities located in another country, primarily the United States, Canada or Europe. Significant changes in the relevant exchange rates could adversely affect our margins on foreign sales of products. Our non-U.S. subsidiaries incur most of their expenses (other than intercompany expenses) in their local functional currency. These currencies include the Canadian Dollar, Euro, British Pound, Russian Ruble, Australian Dollar, South Korean Won, Chinese Renminbi, Indian Rupee, Mexican Peso, Japanese Yen and Brazilian Real.

During YTD 2015, our largest exposures to foreign exchange rates consisted primarily of the Canadian Dollar and the Euro against the U.S. Dollar. The market risk related to the foreign currency exchange rates is measured by estimating the potential impact of a 10% change in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to the local currency exchange rates. The rates used to perform this analysis were based on a weighted average of the market rates in effect during the relevant period. A 10% appreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Canadian Dollar would result in a decrease in net income of \$1.1 million for YTD 2015. Conversely, a 10% depreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro would result in a decrease in net income of \$0.1 million for YTD 2015. Conversely, a 10% depreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro would result in an increase in net income of \$0.1 million for YTD 2015.

The geographic areas outside the United States in which we operate are generally not considered to be highly inflationary. Nonetheless, these foreign operations are sensitive to fluctuations in currency exchange rates arising from, among

other things, certain intercompany transactions that are generally denominated in U.S. Dollars rather than their respective functional currencies. The net impact of foreign currency transactions on our condensed consolidated statements of operations were losses of \$0.8 million and \$0.2 million in YTD 2015 and YTD 2014, respectively.

As of September 30, 2014, we had approximately \$17.1 million in notional forward contracts to reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. These forward contracts were in place to offset in part the foreign currency exchange risk to intercompany payables due from our foreign operations to be settled in U.S. Dollars. See Note 2, "Fair Value Measurements" to our unaudited interim condensed financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) of this quarterly report for further information regarding our foreign currency forward contracts, as described below.

Because our consolidated financial results are reported in U.S. Dollars, and we generate a substantial amount of our sales and earnings in other currencies, the translation of those results into U.S. Dollars can result in a significant decrease in the amount of those sales and earnings. In addition, fluctuations in currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar may make it more difficult to perform period-to-period comparisons of our reported results of operations. For YTD 2015, we estimate that our sales were negatively impacted by \$2.0 million when compared to foreign exchange translation rates that were in effect in YTD 2014. The negative impact was primarily attributed to the appreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Canadian Dollar, offset by the depreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro and several Asian currencies. At each balance sheet date, we translate our assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency to U.S. Dollars. The balances of our foreign equity accounts are translated at their historical value. The difference between the current rates and the historical rates are posted to our currency translation account and reflected in the shareholders' equity section of our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The unrealized effect of foreign currency translation was a loss of \$6.9 million in YTD 2015, compared to a gain of \$0.5 million in YTD 2014. Currency translation gains or losses are reported as part of comprehensive income or loss which is after net income in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (unaudited). As discussed above, foreign currency transactions gains and losses are the result of the settlement of payables and receivables in foreign currency. These gains or losses are included in net income or loss as part of other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (unaudited).

Interest rate risk and foreign currency risk relating to debt. The interest rate for the variable rate term loan was 2.44% as of September 30, 2014. In June 2013, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement which fixed our interest payments on outstanding principal. As a result of the amendment to our variable rate term loan and an improved leverage ratio, effective October 1, 2014, our interest rate has been fixed at approximately 3.12% through April 2016. For the period from May 1, 2016 through April 30, 2018, interest payments based on the one-month LIBOR rate on approximately \$5.2 million of average outstanding principal remains unhedged as of September 30, 2014, increasing to \$49.8 million for the period from May 1, 2018 to April 19, 2019. Borrowings on our revolving credit facility will incur interest expense that is variable in relation to the LIBOR rate. At September 30, 2014, the interest rate on amounts outstanding on our revolving credit facility would have been approximately 2.44%, had there been any borrowings outstanding. During the six months ended September 30, 2014, we did not draw on our revolving credit facility. Based on historical balances on our revolving credit facility, we do not anticipate that a one percent increase or decrease in our interest rate would have a significant impact on our operations. We cannot provide any assurances that historical revolver borrowings (if any) will be reflective of our future use of the revolving credit facility.

As of September 30, 2014, we had \$114.8 million of outstanding principal on our variable rate LIBOR-based term loan. Based on the outstanding borrowings, a 1% change in the interest rate would result in a \$1.1 million increase or decrease in our annual interest expense. Although we cannot provide assurance, we believe that the increase or decrease in interest rates will be largely offset by gains or losses from our variable to fixed interest rate swap.

Commodity price risk. We use various commodity-based raw materials in our manufacturing processes. Generally, we acquire such components at market prices and do not typically enter into long-term purchase commitments with suppliers or hedging instruments to mitigate commodity price risk. As a result, we are subject to market risks related to changes in commodity prices and supplies of key components of our products. Historically, the costs of our primary raw materials have been stable and readily available from multiple suppliers. Typically, we have been able to pass on raw material cost increases to our customers. We cannot provide any assurance, however, that we may be able to pass along such cost increases to our customers or source sufficient amounts of key components on commercially reasonable terms or at all in the future, and if we are unable to do so, our results of operations may be adversely affected.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Controls and Procedures**

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, these disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Except as described above under Note 10 "Commitments and Contingencies" to our unaudited condensed financial statements included in Item 1 with respect to the conclusion of the tax dispute with the Canada Revenue Agency and the Russia tax audit, there have been no other material changes from the legal proceedings previously disclosed in Item 3 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2014 filed with the SEC on May 30, 2014.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 filed with the SEC on May 30, 2014.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no unregistered sales of our equity securities during the three months ended September 30, 2014.

#### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

#### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable

#### **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index on the page immediately following the signature page hereto for a list of exhibits filed as part of this quarterly report, which Exhibit Index is incorporated herein by reference.

### **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC. (registrant)

Date: November 4, 2014 By: /s/ Jay Peterson

Name: Jay Peterson

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Amendment No. 1 to the Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as adopted on July 31, 2014+*
10.2	Form of Employee Performance Unit Award Agreement under the Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan+*
31.1	Certification of Rodney Bingham, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Certification of Rodney Bingham, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.2	Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
101	Interactive Data Files Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *

Management contract and compensatory plan or arrangement Filed herewith

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THE

## THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC. 2011 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

(As Amended and Restated on August 1, 2013)

This Amendment No. 1 (the "Amendment") to the Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan (as amended and restated on August 1, 2013) (the "Plan") was adopted by the Board of Directors of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. on July 31, 2014.

#### 1. General:

The Plan is amended, as of the date hereof, by adding, deleting or otherwise modifying the provisions of the Plan as noted herein.

## 2. Addition of Unrestricted Stock

#### Awards:

a. The definition of "Stock Award" in Section 1.2 of the Plan is amended by adding the following language immediately following the words "shall mean:"

"an Unrestricted Stock Award,"

- b. The following definitions are added at the end of Section 1.2, following the definition of " <u>Ten Percent Holder</u>"
  - "'<u>Unrestricted Stock</u>' shall mean shares of Common Stock which are not subject to a Restriction Period or Performance Measures.

'Unrestricted Stock Award' shall mean an award of Unrestricted Stock under this Plan."

c. Section 1.3(iii) of the Plan is amended by adding the following language immediately following the words, "in the form of:"

"Unrestricted Stock,"

d. Section 3.1 of the Plan is amended by adding the following language immediately following the words, "shall specify whether the Stock Award is:"

"an Unrestricted Stock Award,"

- e. The following provision, entitled Section 3.2 "<u>Terms of Unrestricted Stock Awards</u>," is added immediately following Section 3.1 of the Plan, and Section 3.2 through Section 3.4, and all references thereto, are renumbered Section 3.3 through Section 3.5, respectively:
  - "3.2 Terms of Unrestricted Stock Awards. The number of shares of Common Stock subject to an Unrestricted Stock Award shall be determined by the Committee. Unrestricted Stock Awards shall not be subject to any Restriction Periods or Performance Measures; provided, however, that Unrestricted Stock Awards shall be limited to (i) awards to non-employee directors, (ii) awards to newly hired employees, (iii) awards made in lieu of a cash bonus or (iv) awards granted under this Plan with respect to the number of shares Common Stock which, in the aggregate, does not exceed five percent (5%) of the total number of shares available for awards under this Plan. Upon the grant of an Unrestricted Stock Award, subject to the Company's right to require payment of any taxes in accordance with Section 5.5, a certificate or certificates evidencing ownership of the requisite number of shares of Common Stock shall be delivered to the holder of such award or such shares shall be transferred to the holder in book entry form."

#### 3. Ratification:

As amended by this Amendment, the Plan is in all respects ratified and confirmed, and as so amended by this Amendment, the Plan shall be read, taken and construed as one and the same instrument.

## THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC. AMENDED AND RESTATED 2011 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

#### PERFORMANCE UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

Effective as of <<GRANT DATE>>, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") hereby grants a performance unit award with a grant date fair value of \$\$<<GRANT DATE FAIR VALUE>> (the "Award") to <<FIRST NAME>> <<LAST NAME>> (the "Holder"), with the value set forth in this sentence being the "Target Award." The number of performance units subject to the Target Award shall be determined by dividing the Target Award by the fair market value per performance unit as reported to the Company by a third party valuation firm after completing a Monte Carlo valuation simulation. Performance units are notional units of measurement denominated in shares of the Company's Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share ("Stock") (i.e., one performance unit is equivalent in value to one share of Stock). The actual number of shares of Stock which may be earned in settlement of this performance unit award is dependent upon the satisfaction of the conditions set forth herein.

The Award is granted in accordance with and subject to the restrictions, terms and conditions set forth in the Amended and Restated Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and this agreement (the "Agreement").

For purposes of this Agreement, "<u>Company Group</u>" shall mean the Company and any Subsidiary thereof, collectively and individually. Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings specified in the Plan.

- 1. <u>Award Subject to Acceptance of Agreement.</u> The Award shall be null and void unless the Holder accepts this Agreement by executing it in the space provided below and returning such original execution copy to the Company or electronically accepting this Agreement within the Company's stock plan administration system according to the procedures then in effect.
- 2. Rights as a Stockholder. The Holder shall not be entitled to any privileges of ownership with respect to the shares of Stock subject to the Award unless and until, and only to the extent, such shares become vested pursuant to Section 3 hereof and the Holder becomes a stockholder of record with respect to such shares. As of each date on which the Company pays a cash dividend to record owners of shares of Stock (a "Dividend Date"), then the number of shares subject to the Award shall increase by (a) the product of the total number of shares subject to the Award immediately prior to such Dividend Date multiplied by the dollar amount of the cash dividend paid per share of Stock by the Company on such Dividend Date, divided by (b) the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock on such Dividend Date. Any such additional shares shall be subject to the same vesting conditions and payment terms set forth herein as the shares to which they relate.

#### 3. Restriction Period and Vesting.

3.1. <u>Performance-Based Vesting Condition</u>. The Award shall vest pursuant to the terms of this Agreement (including <u>Section 3.2</u> below) and the Plan and based on the achievement of the performance goal (the "<u>Performance Goal</u>") during the **<<TIME PERIOD>>** performance period (the "<u>Performance Period</u>"), each as described below, provided that that the Holder remains in continuous employment with the Company Group through the Restriction Period (as defined below).

The Performance Period shall be the period beginning on << DATE>> and ending on << DATE>>. The Performance Goal shall be the Company's total shareholder return ("TSR") compared

to the TSR of the companies included in the Standard & Poors Small Cap 600 Industrials Sector Index (the 'Index').

For the purposes of this Award, the Index shall include all of the companies which are listed on the Index on the Grant Date and which remain listed on the Index on last day of the Performance Period. Companies added or removed as a result of a subsequent reconstitution of the Index will not be included. If the Index is discontinued, it shall be deemed to consist of the companies that are listed on the Index on the Grant Date and that remain listed on the Index immediately prior to the date of discontinuance, provided that the TSR shall continue to be measured through the full Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of a bankruptcy of a company included in the Index, such company shall remain in the Index with a TSR of negative 100%.

The Company's TSR shall be determined by comparing the twenty (20) consecutive trading day average Closing Price (as defined below) prior to the first day of the Performance Period versus the twenty (20) consecutive trading day average Closing Price ending on the last day of the Performance Period. The TSR of each company included in the Index shall be calculated in the same manner and ranked from highest to lowest (the "Ranked Index"). For purposes of this Award, the closing price (the "Closing Price") shall be the dividend adjusted day close price as reported by S&P Capital IQ (or any other reporting service that the Compensation Committee may designate from time to time). Further, for purposes of this Award, the dividend adjusted day close price reported by S&P Capital IQ is the relevant security's market closing price, as adjusted for stock splits, cash dividends, rights offerings and spin-offs.

The Company's TSR for the Performance Period shall then be compared to the Ranked Index and the Award shall be earned based on the achievement of the Performance Goal at the following levels:

Performance Level	TSR Performance	Payout (c)
Target Level	* *	< <b>PERCENTAGE</b> >> of Target Award
Maximum Level	` /	< <b>PERCENTAGE</b> >> of Target Award

- (a) If the Company's TSR equals the << PERCENTILE>> of the Ranked Index, the Award shall be deemed satisfied at the Target Level.
- (b) If the Company's TSR equals or exceeds the << PERCENTILE>> of the Ranked Index, the Award shall be deemed satisfied at the Maximum Level.
- (c) The payout shall be interpolated on a straight-line basis if the Company's TSR falls between the Target and Maximum performance levels. The TSR percentile and the payout percentage shall each be rounded to two decimal places. If the calculated payout would result in a fractional security, the shares of Stock being subject to the Award shall be rounded down to the nearest whole share. A sample payout scale is included hereto as Exhibit A.

The Holder shall earn zero shares of Stock for TSR performance below the specified Target Level. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if the Company's TSR for the Performance Period is negative, the calculated payout shall not exceed the Target Level (<<**PERCENTAGE>>** of the Target Award).

Attainment of the Performance Goal shall be determined and certified by the Committee in writing within 60 days following the last day of the Performance Period.

- 3.2. <u>Service-Based Vesting Condition</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this <u>Section 3</u> and only to the extent the Performance Goal is achieved as of <<**DATE**>> in accordance with <u>Section 3.1</u>, <<**PERCENTAGE**>> of the Award shall vest only if the Holder remains continuously employed by the Company Group through <<**DATE**>> and <<**PERCENTAGE**>> of the Award shall vest only if the Holder remains continuously employed by the Company Group through <<**DATE**>>, (collectively, the "<u>Service Vesting Dates</u>"). For the avoidance of doubt, in no event will the Award be earned or shares of Stock delivered to Holder in settlement of the Award prior to the conclusion of the full <<**TIME PERIOD**>> Performance Period, except as may be provided in the Plan or in <u>Sections 3.3</u> and <u>3.4</u> herein. The period of time prior to the Service Vesting Dates shall be referred to herein as the "Restriction Period."
  - 3.3. Change in Control. Upon a Change in Control, the Award shall be subject to Section 5.8 of the Plan.

#### 3.4. <u>Termination of Employment</u>

(a) Termination of Employment by the Company Group Other than for Cause or due to death or Disability. If the Holder's employment is terminated during the Performance Period by reason of (i) the Company Group's termination of the Holder's employment other than for Cause or (ii) the Holder's death or Disability, and the Holder is a party to an employment or other similar agreement that sets forth the treatment of a performance vesting award upon such a termination of employment, then the treatment of this Award will be as set forth in such employment or other similar agreement.

If the Holder's employment is terminated during the Performance Period by reason of (i) the Company Group's termination of the Holder's employment other than for Cause or (ii) the Holder's death or Disability and the Holder is not a party to an employment or other similar agreement or is a party to an employment or other similar agreement that does not set forth the treatment of a performance vesting award upon such a termination, then the treatment of this Award will be as follows: the number of shares of Stock subject to this Award shall be earned in accordance with Section 3.1, based on the achievement of the Performance Goal at the end of the Performance Period, and shall be settled in accordance with Section 4; provided, however, the number of shares of Stock subject to the Award that are earned and delivered to the Holder shall be prorated based on the number of whole months that the Holder was employed by the Company Group during the Performance Period.

- (b) <u>Termination of Employment by the Company Group for Cause or by the Holder</u> If the Holder's employment with the Company Group terminates prior to the end of the Restriction Period by reason of (i) the Company Group's termination of the Holder's employment for Cause or (ii) the Holder's resignation from employment for any reason, then the portion of the Award that was not vested immediately prior to such termination of employment shall be immediately forfeited by the Holder and cancelled by the Company Group.
- (c) <u>Disability</u>. For purpose of this Award, "<u>Disability</u>" shall mean the Holder's inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.
- (d) <u>Cause</u>. For purposes of this Award, "<u>Cause</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in the employment agreement, if any, between the Holder and the Company Group, <u>provided</u> that if Holder is not a party to an employment agreement that contains such definition, then "<u>Cause</u>" shall mean any of the following, as reasonably determined, in good faith, by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"): (i) the prosecution via information or indictment, or, if Holder has waived any requirement of prosecution by indictment, the charge, of Holder for a felony; (ii) the theft, conversion, embezzlement or

misappropriation by Holder of funds or other assets of the Company Group or any other act of fraud or dishonesty with respect to the Company Group (including acceptance of any bribes or kickbacks or other acts of self-dealing); (iii) the intentional, grossly negligent or unlawful misconduct by Holder, but only to the extent that such actions or inactions (a) actually cause material and significant harm to the Company Group; and (b) were engaged in by the Holder with knowledge that they would cause material and significant harm to the Company Group; (iv) the violation by Holder of any law regarding employment discrimination or sexual harassment; (v) the failure by Holder to comply with any material policy generally applicable to Company Group employees, which failure is not cured in all material respects within 30 days after notice to Holder; (vi) the repeated failure by Holder to follow the reasonable directives of any supervisor or the Board, which failure is not cured in all material respects within 30 days after notice to Holder; (vii) the unauthorized dissemination by Holder of confidential information in violation of any agreement between the Company Group and Holder; (viii) any material misrepresentation or materially misleading omission in any resume or other information regarding Holder (including Holder's work experience, academic credentials, professional affiliations or absence of criminal record) provided by or on behalf of Holder when applying for employment with the Company Group; (ix) the Company Group's discovery that, prior to Holder's employment with the Company Group, Holder engaged in conduct of the type described in clauses (i) through (iv) above (it being understood that, in the case of clause (iii) above, such harm having impacted Holder's prior employer or the Company Group); or (x) any other material breach by Holder of this Agreement that is not cured within 30 days after notice to Holder.

4. <u>Delivery of Certificates</u>. Subject to <u>Section 7</u> and except as otherwise provided for in <u>Section 3</u>, as soon as practicable after the end of the applicable Performance Period, the Company shall deliver or cause to be delivered one or more certificates issued in the Holder's name (or such other name as is acceptable to the Company and designated in writing by the Holder) representing the number of vested shares; provided, however, any vested shares of Stock shall be settled no later than 60 days following the completion of the applicable Performance Period. The Company shall pay all original issue or transfer taxes and all fees and expenses incident to such delivery, except as otherwise provided in <u>Section 7</u>. Prior to the issuance to the Holder of the shares of Stock subject to the Award, the Holder shall have no direct or secured claim in any specific assets of the Company or in such shares of Stock, and will have the status of a general unsecured creditor of the Company.

#### 5. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

- 5.1. Nontransferability of Award. The Award may not be transferred by the Holder other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to the designation of one or more beneficiaries on the form prescribed by the Company. Except to the extent permitted by the foregoing sentence, the Award may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, encumbered or otherwise disposed of (whether by operation of law or otherwise) or be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to so sell, transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate, encumber or otherwise dispose of the Award, the Award and all rights hereunder shall immediately become null and void.
- 5.2. <u>Investment Representation</u>. The Holder hereby represents and covenants that (a) any share of Stock acquired upon the vesting of the Award will be acquired for investment and not with a view to the distribution thereof within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "<u>Securities Act</u>"), unless such acquisition has been registered under the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws; (b) any subsequent sale of any such shares shall be made either pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws; and (c) if requested by the Company, the Holder shall submit a written statement, in form satisfactory to the Company, to the effect that such representation (x) is true and correct as of the date of vesting of any shares of Stock hereunder or (y) is true and correct as of the date of any sale of any such share, as applicable. As a further

condition precedent to the delivery to the Holder of any shares of Stock subject to the Award, the Holder shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance or delivery of the shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Board shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

#### 6. Restrictive Covenants.

- 6.1. Confidential Information. The Company Group's employment of Holder has resulted and will result in Holder's exposure and access to confidential and proprietary information, including the Company Group's formulas, processes, administration and accounting systems, computer software, customer lists, vendor lists, due diligence files, financial information, technology, business strategies, business track record, and personal information about the Company Group's owners, directors, officers, and employees which Holder did not have access to prior to his or her employment with the Company Group and which information is of great value to the Company Group, their owners, directors, officers, and employees. Holder shall not, other than on the Company Group's behalf, at any time during Holder's employment with the Company Group and thereafter, make available, divulge, disclose, or communicate in any manner whatsoever to anyone including, but not limited to, any person, firm, corporation, investor, member of the media, or entity, any such confidential or proprietary information, or use any such confidential or proprietary information for any purpose other than on the Company Group's behalf, unless authorized to do so in writing by the Chairman of the Board, required by law or court order, or such information has become publicly available other than by reason of a breach by Holder of this Section 6.1 or of another individual's or entity's violation of an obligation not to disclose such information, which obligation is known to Holder. Should Holder be required by law or court order to disclose such confidential or proprietary information, Holder shall give the Chairman of the Board reasonable notice so as to allow the Company Group sufficient opportunity to challenge such application of the law or court order, or to otherwise attempt to limit the scope of such disclosure. This Agreement applies to all confidential and proprietary information of the Company Group, regardless of when such information is or was disclosed to Holder.
- 6.2. <u>Non-Competition; Non-Solicitation.</u> During Holder's employment with the Company Group and for a period of two (2) years thereafter Holder shall not, directly or indirectly, other than on the Company Group's behalf:
- (a) Engage in any capacity in the Business in the continental United States or in any other geographic area where the Company Group manufactures, markets, distributes or sells its products or renders services within the twenty-four (24) month period ending on the last day on which Holder is in the employment of the Company Group or otherwise actively involved in the operation or management of the Business (the "<u>Termination Date</u>"), including as an owner, employee, partner, investor, or independent contractor, provided that nothing in this <u>Section 6.2(a)</u> shall prevent Holder from owning less than five percent (5%) of any class of publicly traded securities of any such business so long as such investment is passive and Holder has no other involvement with the issuer of such securities
- (b) Induce or assist in the inducement of any employee or independent contractor, including sales representatives or agents, to terminate or otherwise limit their relationship with the Company Group; or
- (c) Solicit any customer or potential customer of the Company Group with respect to the Business. For purposes of this Section 6.2(c), a customer means any individual or entity to which the Company Group sold products or services within the twenty-four (24) month period immediately preceding the Termination Date. For purposes of this Section 6.2(c), potential customer means any individual or entity to which the Company Group solicited in writing within the twelve (12) month period that immediately preceded the Termination Date.

- 6.3. <u>Non-Disparagement.</u> At no time shall Holder, directly or indirectly, make (or cause to be made) to any person any disparaging, derogatory or other negative or false statement about or with respect to the Company Group (including its products, services, policies, practices, operations, employees, sales representatives, agents, officers, members, managers, partners or directors).
- 6.4. Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks and Other Property Rights. Any and all inventions, improvements, discoveries, formulas, technology, business strategies, management, administration, and accounting systems, processes, and computer software relating to the Company Group's business (whether or not patentable), discovered, developed, or learned by Holder during his or her employment with the Company Group are the sole and absolute property of the Company Group and are "works made for hire" as that term is defined in the copyright laws of the United States. The Company Group is the sole and absolute owner of all patents, copyrights, trademarks, and other property rights to those items and Holder will fully assist the Company Group, at the Company Group's cost and expense, to obtain the patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other property rights to all such inventions, improvements, discoveries, formulas, technology, business strategies, management, administration, and accounting systems, processes, or computer software. Holder has been notified by the Company Group and understands that the foregoing provisions of this Section 6.4 do not apply to an invention for which no equipment, supplies, facilities, confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information of the Company Group was used and which was developed entirely on Holder's own time, unless the invention: (a) relates directly to the business of the Company Group; (b) relates directly to the Company Group's actual or demonstrably anticipated research and development, or (c) results from any work performed by Holder for the Company Group.
- 6.5. Scope of Covenants. Holder hereby acknowledges and agrees that the covenants and the territorial, time, activity and other limitations set forth in this Section 6 (or the lack thereof, as the case may be) are commercially reasonable and are properly required to protect the Company Group and its members' respective businesses. If any such territorial, time or activity limitation (or the lack thereof) is determined to be unreasonable or otherwise unenforceable by a court or other tribunal or competent jurisdiction, the parties agree to the reduction of such territorial, time or activity limitations (including the imposition of such a limitation if it is missing) to such an area, period, scope of activity or other limitation as said court or other tribunal shall deem reasonable and enforceable under the circumstances. Also, if any member of the Company Group seeks partial enforcement of this Section 6 as to only a territory, time, scope of activity or other limitation that is reasonable, then such member of the Company Group shall be entitled to such reasonable partial enforcement. If such reduction or (if any member of the Company Group seeks partial enforcement) such partial enforcement is not possible, or if a court or other tribunal of competent jurisdiction declines for any or no reason to grant such reduction or partial enforcement, as applicable, then the unenforceable provision or portion thereof shall be severed as provided in Section 7.11, without affecting the remaining provisions of this Agreement.
- 6.6. <u>Tolling.</u> The period of time in which Holder is required to act, or refrain from acting, pursuant to this <u>Section 6</u> shall be tolled (shall not run) for so long as Holder is in breach of any of Holder's obligations hereunder.
- 6.7. <u>Business.</u> For purposes of this <u>Section 6</u>, "<u>Business</u>" shall mean the business activities conducted by or planned to be undertaken by the Company Group while Holder is a holder of any Common Stock acquired pursuant to this Award or while Holder is employed by the Company Group, including any business involving the design, engineering, manufacture or sale of heat tracing systems (for example, products involving the application of external heat to pipes, vessels, instruments or other equipment for the purposes of freeze protection, process temperature maintenance, environmental monitoring or surface snow and ice melting, heat tracing equipment, heat tracing tubing bundles, and heat tracing control systems), heat tracing system consultation, heat tracing system installation, heat tracing

system maintenance and any other products sold or services provided by the Company Group and the provision of related services.

#### 7. Additional Terms and Conditions of Award.

- 7.1. Withholding Taxes. (a) As a condition precedent to the delivery of the Stock upon the vesting of the Award, the Holder shall, upon request by the Company, pay to the Company such amount as the Company may be required, under all applicable federal, state, local or other laws or regulations, to withhold and pay over as income or other withholding taxes (the "Required Tax Payments") with respect to the Award. If the Holder shall fail to advance the Required Tax Payments after request by the Company, the Company may, in its discretion, deduct any Required Tax Payments from any amount then or thereafter payable by the Company to the Holder.
- (b) The Holder may elect to satisfy his or her obligation to advance the Required Tax Payments by any of the following means: (i) a cash payment to the Company, (ii) delivery to the Company (either actual delivery or by attestation procedures established by the Company) of previously owned whole shares of Stock having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the date on which such withholding obligation arises (the "Tax Date"), equal to the Required Tax Payments, (iii) authorizing the Company to withhold whole shares of Stock which would otherwise be delivered to the Holder having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the Tax Date, equal to the Required Tax Payments or (iv) any combination of (i), (ii) and (iii). Shares of Stock to be delivered or withheld may not have a Fair Market Value in excess of the minimum amount of the Required Tax Payments. Any fraction of a share of Stock which would be required to satisfy any such obligation shall be disregarded and the remaining amount due shall be paid in cash by the Holder. No certificate representing a share of Stock shall be delivered until the Required Tax Payments have been satisfied in full.
- 7.2. Adjustment. In the event of any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, combination, exchange of shares, liquidation, spin-off or other similar change in capitalization or event, or any distribution to holders of Stock other than a regular cash dividend, the number and class of securities subject to the Award shall be equitably adjusted by the Board. If any adjustment would result in a fractional security being subject to the Award, the Company shall pay the Holder in connection with the first vesting, in whole or in part, occurring after such adjustment, an amount in cash determined by multiplying such fraction (rounded to the nearest hundredth) by the Fair Market Value of such security on the vesting date as determined by the Board. The decision of the Board regarding any such adjustment and the Fair Market Value of any fractional security shall be final, binding and conclusive.
- 7.3. Recoupment; Compensation Subject to Recovery. The Holder acknowledges that he or she has read the Company's Policy on Recoupment of Incentive Compensation (the "Clawback Policy"). In consideration of the grant of the Award, the Holder agrees to abide by the Company's Clawback Policy and any determinations of the Board or the Compensation Committee pursuant to the Clawback Policy or any similar clawback or recoupment policy which the Company may adopt from time to time to the extent the Board determines in good faith that the adoption and maintenance of such policy is necessary to comply with the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and implementing rules and regulations thereunder, or is otherwise required by applicable law. The Holder acknowledges and agrees that the Award received by the Holder pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to forfeiture, recovery by the Company or other action pursuant to the Clawback Policy or any such other clawback or recoupment policy. This Section 7.3 shall survive the termination of the Holder's employment for any reason. The foregoing remedy is in addition to and separate from any other relief available to the Company due to the Holder's misconduct or fraud. Any determination by the Board or the Compensation Committee with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive and binding upon the Holder and all persons claiming through the Holder.

- 7.4. Compliance with Applicable Law. The Award is subject to the condition that if the listing, registration or qualification of the shares of Stock subject to the Award upon any securities exchange or under any law, or the consent or approval of any governmental body, or the taking of any other action is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the delivery of shares hereunder, the shares of Stock subject to the Award shall not be delivered, in whole or in part, unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent, approval or other action shall have been effected or obtained, free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company agrees to use reasonable efforts to effect or obtain any such listing, registration, qualification, consent, approval or other action.
- 7.5. Section 409A. This Agreement is intended to be exempt from Section 409A of the Code ("Section 409A") as a "short-term deferral" within the meaning of Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 409A, or in the alternative to comply with Section 409A. This Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for avoiding additional taxes or penalties under Section 409A. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company makes no representations that the payments and benefits provided under this Agreement comply with Section 409A and in no event shall the Company be liable for all or any portion of any taxes, penalties, interest or other expenses that may be incurred by the Holder on account of non-compliance with Section 409A.
- 7.6. <u>Award Confers No Rights to Continued Employment</u> In no event shall the granting of the Award or its acceptance by the Holder, or any provision of the Agreement or the Plan, give or be deemed to give the Holder any right to continued employment by the Company, Group or any affiliate of the Company or affect in any manner the right of the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company to terminate the employment of any person at any time.
- 7.7. <u>Interpretation</u>. Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement shall be submitted by the Holder or by the Company forthwith to the Committee for review. The resolution of such a dispute by the Committee shall be final and binding on all parties.
- 7.8. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Agreement to single or multiple assignees, and this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer herein set forth, this Agreement shall be binding upon the Holder and his or her heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.
- 7.9. Notices. All notices, requests or other communications provided for in this Agreement shall be made, if to the Company, to Thermon Group Holdings, Inc., Attn: Chief Financial Officer, 100 Thermon Drive, San Marcos, Texas 78666, and if to the Holder, to the last known mailing address of the Holder contained in the records of the Company. All notices, requests or other communications provided for in this Agreement shall be made in writing either (a) by personal delivery, (b) by facsimile or electronic mail with confirmation of receipt, (c) by mailing in the United States mails or (d) by express courier service. The notice, request or other communication shall be deemed to be received upon personal delivery, upon confirmation of receipt of facsimile or electronic mail transmission or upon receipt by the party entitled thereto if by United States mail or express courier service; provided, however, that if a notice, request or other communication sent to the Company is not received during regular business hours, it shall be deemed to be received on the next succeeding business day of the Company.
- 7.10. Governing Law. This Agreement, the Award and all determinations made and actions taken pursuant hereto and thereto, to the extent not governed by the laws of the United States, shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware and construed in accordance therewith without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws.

- 7.11. <u>Agreement Subject to the Plan</u>. This Agreement is subject to the provisions of the Plan, including <u>Section 5.8</u> relating to a Change in Control, and shall be interpreted in accordance therewith. The Holder hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan.
- 7.12. Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and the Holder with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Holder's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Holder.
- 7.13. <u>Partial Invalidity</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability of any particular provision of this Agreement shall not affect the other provisions hereof and this Agreement shall be construed in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision was omitted.
- 7.14. <u>Amendment and Waiver</u>. The provisions of this Agreement may be amended or waived only by the written agreement of the Company and the Holder, and no course of conduct or failure or delay in enforcing the provisions of this Agreement shall affect the validity, binding effect or enforceability of this Agreement.
- 7.15. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in two counterparts each of which shall be deemed an original and both of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

	THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.	
	By: /s/ << OFFICER>>_ Name: << OFFICER TITLE>>	
Accepted this day of,		
Holder: < <first name="">&gt; &lt;<last name="">&gt;</last></first>		
	9	

## EXHIBIT A

## SAMPLE PAYOUT SCALE

Percentile	Payout
< <percentile>&gt;</percentile>	< <percentage>&gt;</percentage>

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND RULE 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

#### I, Rodney Bingham, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our
    conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this
    report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2014

By: /s/ Rodney Bingham

Name: Rodney Bingham

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND RULE 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

#### I, Jay Peterson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our
    conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this
    report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2014

By: /s/ Jay Peterson

Name: Jay Peterson

Title: Chief Financial Officer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350 OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 UNITED STATES CODE

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014 (the "Report"), I, Rodney Bingham, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) Information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 4, 2014

By: s// Rodney Bingham

Name: Rodney Bingham

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350 OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 UNITED STATES CODE

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014 (the "Report"), I, Jay Peterson, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) Information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 4, 2014

By: /s/ Jay Peterson

Name: Jay Peterson

Title: Chief Financial Officer